



Analyst Day January 11, 2022





Welcome and Agenda

Emily Duncan

Vice President, Investor Relations

Agenda





Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that are subject to risks and uncertainties including, among others, those related to the timing, manner, tax-free nature, and expected benefits associated with the potential separation of Exelon's competitive power generation and customer-facing energy business from its six regulated electric and gas utilities. Words such as "could," "may," "expects," "anticipates," "will," "targets," "goals," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "predicts," and variations on such words, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and operational, economic, and financial performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements.

The factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made by Constellation Energy Corporation (Constellation) and Exelon Generation Company, LLC (Generation) (Registrants) include those factors discussed herein, as well as the items discussed in (1) Generation's 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K in (a) Part I, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part II, ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (c) Part II, ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data: Note 19, Commitments and Contingencies; (2) Generation's Third Quarter 2021 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in (a) Part II, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part I, ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (c) Part I, ITEM 1. Financial Statements: Note 15, Commitments and Contingencies; (3) Constellation's Form 10 registration statement in Risk Factors; and (4) other factors discussed in filings with the SEC by the Registrants.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, which apply only as of the date of this presentation. None of the Registrants undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this presentation.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Constellation reports its financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Constellation supplements the reporting of financial information determined in accordance with GAAP with certain non-GAAP financial measures, including:

- Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, and excludes certain costs, expenses, gains and losses and other specified items, including mark-to-market adjustments from economic hedging activities, decommissioning related activity, asset impairments, certain amounts associated with plant retirements and divestitures, pension and OPEB non-service costs, separation related costs and other items as set forth in the Appendix
- Adjusted operating and maintenance expense excludes direct cost of sales for certain Constellation and Power businesses, ARO accretion expense from unregulated units and decommissioning costs that do not affect profit and loss, the impact from operating and maintenance expense related to variable interest entities at Constellation, and other items as set forth in the reconciliation in the Appendix
- Total gross margin is defined as operating revenues less purchased power and fuel expense, excluding revenue related to decommissioning, gross receipts tax, JExel Nuclear JV, variable interest entities, and net of direct cost of sales for certain Constellation and Power businesses
- Adjusted cash flows from operations primarily includes net cash flows from operating activities and Collection of Deferred Purchase Price (DPP) related to the revolving accounts receivable arrangement, which is presented in cash flows from investing activities for GAAP
- Free cash flows before growth (FCFbg) is Adjusted cash flows from operations less capital expenditures for maintenance and nuclear fuel, non-recurring capital expenditures related to separation and ERP system implementation, changes in collateral, net merger and acquisitions, and equity investments and other items as forth in Appendix
- Adjusted operating revenues exclude the Mark-to-Market impact of economic hedging activities due to the volatility and unpredictability of the future changes in commodity prices
- Adjusted purchased power and fuel excludes the Mark-to-Market impact of economic hedging activities due to the volatility and unpredictability of the future changes in commodity prices

Due to the forward-looking nature of some forecasted non-GAAP measures, information to reconcile the forecasted adjusted (non-GAAP) measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure may not be currently available, as management is unable to project all of these items for future periods



Non-GAAP Financial Measures Continued

This information is intended to enhance an investor's overall understanding of period over period financial results and provide an indication of Constellation's baseline operating performance by excluding items that are considered by management to be not directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. In addition, this information is among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for evaluating performance, allocating resources, setting incentive compensation targets and planning and forecasting of future periods.

These non-GAAP financial measures are not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations. Constellation has provided these non-GAAP financial measures as supplemental information and in addition to the financial measures that are calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP measures should not be deemed more useful than, a substitute for, or an alternative to the most comparable GAAP measures provided in the materials presented.

Non-GAAP financial measures are identified by the phrase "non-GAAP" or an asterisk (*). Reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP measures are provided in the appendices and attachments to this presentation, except for the reconciliation for total gross margin, which appears on slide 98 of this presentation.







Driving Deep Decarbonization of the U.S. Economy

Joe Dominguez

Chief Executive Officer

Constellation: America's Leading Clean Energy Company



Carbon-Free Generation Fleet:

- #1 provider of carbon-free 24/7 energy in the United States
- Lowest carbon emissions and carbon intensity generator in the United States
- 32,400 MWs of total generating capacity
- ~78 million metric tonnes of carbon avoided through our fleet
- 94.3% capacity factor at nuclear plants
- Ability to extend fleet to 80 years providing 24/7 carbon-free power through 2050 and beyond



Industry Leading Customer Business:

- #1 in market share for C&I customers
- #2 retail electricity provider
- #3 in market share for mass market customers
- Top 10 natural gas provider in the U.S
- Serve ³/₄ of the Fortune 100
- 2 million total customers
- 215 TWhs of load served
- Operate in 48 states and the District of Columbia



Supporting our Communities:

- Expected to be a Fortune 200 company, based on \$17.6 billion in operating revenues in 2020
- Approximately 13,000 employees nationwide
- Investing in local communities through \$207 million in local property taxes and \$87 million in state payroll taxes
- Employees volunteered nearly 53,000 hours in 2020
- Increasingly diverse workforce, with strong diverse hiring and promotion rates and community workforce development partnerships



Constellation's Value Proposition



Enduring Businesses Ready to Meet the Climate Crisis

- World-Class nuclear operator and largest generator of 24/7 carbon-free firm electricity with ability to extend asset lives
- Largest provider of energy and solutions to commercial and industrial customers
- Strong advocate for, and ideally situated to benefit from, energy policies that drive the transition to carbon-free energy

Delivering Value for Our Shareholders

- Strong free cash flows, optimized through industry-leading operations, support of carbon-free energy and focus on costs
- Disciplined capital allocation strategy supports strong investment grade balance sheet, growth investment consistent with corporate strategy, and return of capital to owners

Premier ESG Company

- ~90% carbon-free energy growing to 100% carbon-free by 2040
- Committed to advancing diversity, equity and inclusion in our workplace and communities
- Maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance



U.S. is Rapidly Decarbonizing





Constellation is the Largest Producer of Carbon-Free Electricity in the United States

Largest Producers of Carbon-Free Generation^(1,2)

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Lowest CO₂ Emissions Among Major Investor-Owned Generators⁽²⁾

Constellation produces 1 of every 10 MWh of carbon-free electricity in the United States

(1) Reflects 2019 regulated and non-regulated generation. Source: M.J. Bradley & Associates Benchmarking Air Emissions, July 2021; https://www.mjbradley.com/sites/default/files/Presentation of_Results_2021.pdf

(2) Number in parentheses is the company's ranking among the 20 largest investor-owned producers (total MWh) in 2019, i.e. Constellation was the third largest generator in 2019



Lowest Carbon Intensity Among

Major Investor-Owned Generators⁽²⁾

Positioned for Long-Term Success – Demand for Carbon-Free Electricity and Byproducts

Electricity Demand Will Nearly Double and Carbon-Free Electricity Will Expand Five-fold to Meet Net Zero by 2050



- Electricity must grow to ~50% of energy used in industry, transport and buildings to meet net zero by 2050 – up from 19% today
- By 2050, electricity is a predominant transportation fuel
- Fossil fuels in the primary energy mix decline by 62% to 100% from 2020 to 2050 across scenarios. Oil and gas decline 56% to 100%.
- Up to 17% of light-duty vehicles will be electric in 2030 and 61-96% in 2050
- 16-23% of homes will be heated with electric heat pumps in 2030 and 54-80% in 2050
- 70-90% of commercial building energy use will be electric by 2050



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https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/electric-power-and-natural-gas/our-insights/net-zero-by-2035-a-pathway-to-rapidly-decarbonize-the-us-power; https://netzeroamerica.princeton.edu/img/Princeton_NZA_Interim_Report_15_Dec_2020_FINAL.pdf; https://about.bnef.com/blog/getting-on-track-for-net-zero-by-2050-will-require-rapid scaling-of-investment-in-the-energy-transition-over-the-next-ten-vears/



Firm Nuclear Power Plays a Unique Role in the Fight Against the Climate Crisis

Firm Carbon-Free Nuclear power provides firm carbonfree electricity while displacing fossil fuels in applications requiring a continuous power supply

24/7

Resilient

Resilient Nuclear power has onsite fuel for 18-24 months, providing resilient and reliable power every season, no matter the weather



Variable Renewables Nuclear power can support higher deployment of variable wind and solar generation without the need for backup capacity from fossil fuel generation



License Renewals Second license renewals will extend carbon-free production to 80years – more than 3 times the useful life of renewables and 2 times the useful life of coal



Nuclear is Among the Safest Forms of Power Generation⁽¹⁾ and Has Lowest Life Cycle Emissions of any Technology⁽²⁾





(1) <u>https://ourworldindata.org/safest-sources-of-energy</u>

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(2) Source: United Nations Economic Commission for Europe, 2021, https://unece.org/sites/default/files/2021-10/LCA-2.pdf

Demand for Carbon-Free Energy



December 2021 Executive Order calling for "100 percent carbon pollution-free electricity (CFE) by 2030, at least half of which will be locally supplied clean energy to meet 24/7 demand"



In November 2021, the Renewable Energy Buyers Association, a community of 300 customers and partners, changed its name to the Clean Energy Buyers Association. The organization is committed to achieving a 90% carbon-free U.S. electricity system by 2030.

ipcc

The Intergovernmental Program on Climate Change (IPCC) includes nuclear in all of its potential pathways to keeping global warming below 1.5 C



Constellation's Pathway to Flexible Clean Energy Centers



Nuclear energy sites will evolve to meet America's demand for flexible, clean energy



Constellation's Customer Platform Provides Tools to Help Communities, Families and Businesses Meet Their Sustainability and Carbon Reduction Targets





Carbon Reduction

Reduce Greenhouse emissions through Renewable Natural Gas (RNG), Carbon offsets and Renewable Identification Number (RINs)



Renewable On-site

Install renewable energy generation on-site to reduce energy costs and carbon emissions



Renewable Projects

Off-site renewable energy and REC products for customers help them meet their clean energy goals



Energy Efficiency

Building automation, lighting improvements, electrification solutions, and water conservation



Disciplined Capital Allocation Strategy Designed to Deliver Value for Our Shareholders





Growth Opportunities Can Deliver Value for Our Shareholders

We may pursue growth opportunities that provide additional value building on our core businesses or expanding our competitive advantages

- Opportunistic carbon-free energy acquisitions, particularly nuclear plants with supportive policy
- Create new value from the existing fleet through repowering, co-location and other opportunities
- Grow sustainability products and services for our customers focused on clean energy, efficiency, storage and electrification; help our C&I customers develop and meet sustainability targets
- Produce clean hydrogen using our carbon-free fleet
- Engagement with the technology and innovation ecosystem through continued partnerships with national labs, universities, startups, and research institutions
- Explore advanced nuclear technology for investment and participation via advisory services to maintain our leadership position as stewards of a carbon-free energy future





*C*onstellation

Constellation's Industry Leading Climate Commitment







100% Carbon-free owned generation by **2040**

100% reduction in operational emissions by **2040**⁽¹⁾

100% of C&I customers provided with specific information about their GHG impact



Our Unique Businesses Give Us a Durable, Competitive Advantage

Constellation is the largest producer of carbon-free electricity in the United States – nearly two times more than the next producer. Our plants provide firm, resilient, reliable, 24/7 power no matter the weather with 18-24 months of fuel on site. Two-thirds of our output is compensated for its carbon-free attributes, and we see bipartisan policy support for continued operation of these assets, which are essential to addressing the climate crisis. With continued supportive policy, we can extend the licenses of our plants to 80 years meaning they can provide reliable energy beyond 2050 while the U.S. rapidly scales up new renewable generation. Given their access to land, transmission and transportation, our plants can serve as flexible carbon-free generation centers where other clean energy production like hydrogen and behind the meter solutions for customers can help balance the grid. All of this is possible through our high-performing, specialized workforce and our world-class management model that drives industry leading operational performance.

Our commercial business delivers nearly 1 in 4 MWhs of electricity to competitive C&I customers in the U.S. – including 3/4 of the Fortune 100. Our strong, long-standing relationships with our customers average 6 years, putting us in the best position to meet the growing demand for customer-driven carbon-free energy and products that allow our customers to meet their own carbon reduction goals.







Leading the Clean Energy Transition

Kathleen Barrón

Chief Strategy Officer

Subsidizing Renewables Without Preserving Nuclear Keeps U.S. Running in Place





Experts and Policy Makers Agree; Nuclear is Critical to Decarbonization





States are at the Forefront of Decarbonization Efforts



25 states and the District of Columbia

have 100% clean electricity targets, deep GHG reduction targets, or both, encompassing 54% of US electricity customers



High GHG reduction target (economy-wide 75%-100%)

Governor commitment to 100% clean/renewable energy

Legislation Enacted establishing 100% CES/RPS Commitment to 100% CES/RPS and to high GHG reduction target, one legislated and one by Governor
 Legislation for both 100% CES/RPS and high GHG reduction target



Constellation's Generation is Essential for States to Meet Carbon-Free Energy Goals

Constellation's Contribution to Carbon-Free Electricity by State⁽¹⁾



Note: may not sum due to rounding

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- (1) Source: 2020 U.S. EIA data. Assumes whole unit output of CENG and other partially-owned generation. New York is adjusted to exclude Indian Point Units 2 and 3 to reflect retirements in April 2020 and 2021, respectively.
- (2) Renewables include hydroelectric, solar and wind generation; excludes biomass

(3) Reflects clean energy goals as outlined in the state's existing law or goal established by the state's Governor; Reflects Salem's full output and not ownership share



Carbon-Free Programs Support Our Fleet

Jurisdiction	Targets	Support Mechanism	Current Term	Station	Units	Capacity (MW) ⁽¹⁾
Illinois	100% Carbon-Free by 2045	СМС	Jun '22 – May '27	Braidwood	2	2,386
				Byron	2	2,347
				Dresden	2	1,845
		ZEC	Jun '17 – May '27	Clinton	1	1,080
				Quad Cities	2	1,403
New York	100% Clean Energy Standard by 2040 Reduced GHG 85% by 2050	ZEC	Apr '17 – Mar '29	Fitzpatrick	1	842
				Ginna	1	576
				Nine Mile Point	2	1676
New Jersey	100% Clean Energy Standard and 80% reduced GHG by 2050	ZEC	Jun '22 – May '25	Salem	2	995
						13,150

Federal 50	0-52% reduction by 2030	 PTC (proposed) Executive Order requiring 24/7 carbon-free energy 	 Jan '22 – Dec '27 (PTC) 100% carbon-free by 2030 	All	21	20,899
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Nearly two-thirds of Constellation's nuclear capacity is supported by state carbon-free programs



Constellation's Nuclear Fleet Supports Our Communities



Constellation's nuclear plants are economic engines that inject nearly \$1.6 billion directly into their state and local economies each year.

- > Paid nearly \$207 million in local property taxes to fund school districts and other community priorities
- > Paid nearly \$87 million in state payroll taxes

Constellation's nuclear plants provide good-paying jobs in the states where we operate, including:

- > Employing 10,200 full-time workers including 3,200 with unions
- > Employing 9,000 temporary workers annually during refueling and maintenance outages
- > Paid nearly \$1.3 billion in payroll with average plant payroll of ~\$107 million
- Creating thousands of ancillary jobs in other business sectors through payroll spending, purchases and contracting activity

Constellation employees volunteer, lead tours and provide STEM opportunities.

- > Contributed more than \$3.7 million to charities that support their communities
- Volunteered nearly 53,000 hours for local non-profit organizations in 2020

The Constellation nuclear workforce is 29% diverse and continues to drive toward more representation.

- > Increasing external diverse hiring and promotion rates
- Partnering with local community colleges
- Collaborating with labor on apprentice diversity



Constellation's Strategy is Integrated with ESG





Constellation's Emissions are Already Significantly Below Paris Climate Agreement Levels



Reflects Transition Pathway Initiative data as of January 20, 2021; <u>https://www.transitionpathwayinitiative.org/tpi/sectors/electricity-utilities</u> (1) 2020 – 2030 reflects projected emission intensity adjusted for publicly announced fossil retirements



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Reduced Our Emissions Footprint by 80% Since 2005

35 -80% 30 Million metric tonnes of CO_2 25 22.01 20 32.33 15 0.50 0.95 10 7.42 0.07 9.06 10.32 6.40 5 6.97 0 As-owned 2005⁽¹⁾ Displaced Plants Sold Adjusted Baseline⁽²⁾ Real Reductions⁽³⁾ Today New-Build Emissions

Constellation - Scope 1 and Scope 2 Emissions Reductions

Operations Generation Generation Reductions



(1) As owned generation excludes PPAs

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(2) Adjusted baseline does not include divested plants

(3) Real reductions achieved to date includes retirements and real reductions in emissions

Constellation's Climate Commitment

100%

Of our owned generation will be carbon-free by 2040

100% Reduction of our operations-

Reduction of our operationsdriven emissions by 2040⁽¹⁾ 100%

Of C&I customers provided with specific information about how to meet GHG reduction goals

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✓ Clean Energy Supply:

- Clean Electricity Supply: We commit that our owned generation supply will be 100% carbon-free by 2040; with an interim goal of 95% carbon-free by 2030 subject to policy support and technology advancements.
- Operational Emissions Reduction Goal: We aspire to reduce operations driven emissions by 100% by 2040 subject to technology and policy advancement
 - Interim target to reduce carbon emissions by 65% from 2020 levels by 2030 (through 100% 24/7 clean electric use at our owned facilities by 2030 and 100% electrification of our vehicle fleet) and reduce methane emissions 30% from 2020 by 2030.
 - Constellation commits to reducing methane emissions 30% from 2020 by 2030, aligned with the Administration's global methane pledge
- Supply Chain Engagement: Partner with our key energy suppliers on their GHG emissions and climate adaptation strategies

✓ Clean Customer Transformation:

- Commit to providing 100% of C&I customers with customer-specific information on their GHG impact for facilities contracting for power and gas supply from Constellation including mitigation opportunities that include 24/7 clean electric use
- Commit to support reductions in customers' gas emissions and a transition to low carbon fuels

Technology Enablement and Commercialization:

• Commit to enable the future technologies and business models needed to drive the clean energy economy to improve the health and welfare of communities through venture investing and R&D. We will target 25% of these investments to minority and women led businesses and will require investment recipients to disclose how they engage in equitable employment and contracting practices, using performance as a factor when considering investments



Diversity, Equity and Inclusion is a Core Value at Constellation

We center our DE&I strategy around three primary values:

Integrating diversity, equity and inclusion as a business imperative, core value and moral obligation Attracting, retaining and advancing employees who will best serve and represent our customers, partners and communities Providing a workplace that ensures mutual respect and where each individual has the opportunity to grow and contribute at their greatest potential

We commit to:

Disclosing our EEO1 data

Strengthen diversity recruiting, hiring, retention, development and promotion

Conduct annual analysis through an independent third party on gender and racial pay equity

Quarterly CEO review of DE&I dashboard for each business holds leaders accountable for their actions and progress

Maintain, grow, and continue to invest in programs and partnerships to improve pipeline, support recruiting and retention Continue workforce development and internship and scholarship programs and support of 10 employee resource groups with multiple chapters



Constellation is Committed to Safe Operations and Environmental Performance



Best Safety Records in the Industry

- Nuclear plants have lowest recordable injury rates of any form of electricity
- INPO evaluates plant and industry safety and reliability
 - Continuous improvement over life of fleet with current performance at highest industry levels
- NRC performance oversight
 - All nuclear generating units operated by Constellation are in the highest performance group



Strong Safety Culture

- Multiple levels of oversight to ensure continued safety including Safety Peer Group and executive-level Safety Council
- Comprehensive Safety Management Systems (SMS) and targeted initiatives for high-risk areas
- Regular and rigorous training at each of our 12 operated sites, 3 centralized training facilities, and fire academy
- NRC licenses and INPO Instructor Certification
 Program



Environmental Performance

- Focus on full compliance with legal requirements utilizing our Environmental Management System (EMS)
- Lowest NO_X, SO₂ and CO₂ among large power producers
- Wildlife Habitat Council Certifications at 16 locations
- 100% of spent nuclear fuel is packaged, numbered, catalogued, tracked and isolated from the environment



Constellation's Board of Directors



* Former Exelon Board member

Board Structure



Constellation will build on Exelon's strong corporate governance practices, which includes:

- Board independence, diversity, skills and expertise
- Executive compensation independently reviewed, reflects pay for performance alignment
- Engaged oversight in strategic business planning
- Commitment to diversity, equity and inclusion

90% Independent40% Diverse30% Female (3 of 10)20% Racially Diverse






Outstanding Operational Performance of Carbon-Free Generation Assets

Bryan Hanson

Chief Generation Officer

Constellation is America's Leading Clean Energy Provider



Constellation produces 10% of the **nation's carbon**-free energy



(1) Represents generation as of 12/31/2020. Other primarily includes gas with some oil generation for Asset Type and SPP and CAISO for asset location.

(2) Reflects generation capacity as of 12/31/2021; includes full ownership of CENG entities; excludes solar assets and Albany Green Energy sold in 2021

(3) Reflects 2020 regulated and non-regulated generation. Source: M.J. Bradley & Associates Benchmarking Air Emissions, July 2021; https://www.mjbradley.com/sites/default/files/Presentation-of-Results-2021.pdf

Constellation.

38 (4) Does not reflect Grande Prairie Generating Station (Gas/other), located in Alberta, Canada

Best-in-Class Nuclear Operations Resulting in More Carbon-Free Energy

1

1

1

1 1

Nuclear Capacity Factor (%) (1,2,3)



Nuclear Composite Operational Excellence (6) (Total of Rankings of 14 Indicators)



Average Nuclear Refueling Outage Days ^(3,5)



Ranking An Operat	nong Major ors ⁽⁴⁾
2020	1
2019	1
2018	1
2017	2
2016	1

Average Cost (\$/MWh)⁽⁷⁾



Source: Constellation's internal benchmarking report

(1) Reflects Constellation's ownership share of CENG and other partially-owned units. Includes 100% ownership of CENG following closure of EDF Put on August 6, 2021.

- 2021 reflects projected production and capacity factor as of November 30, 2021; 2021 Industry Averages were not available at the time of publication
- (3) Excludes Salem. Includes FitzPatrick beginning in April 2017 for Capacity Factor and in 2018 for Refueling Outage Days. Constellation and Industry averages reflect Oyster Creek and TMI partial year operation in 2018 and
- (4) Major nuclear operator is defined as one entity responsible for the operation of at least two sites and comprising of at least four units
- (5) Refueling outage values are not ownership adjusted
- (6) Composite Operational Excellence Metric consisting of 14 indicators in Production, Cost, and Safety. Value represents the percentage of the maximum available score by ranking of Major Operators across the 14



39 (7) Total Generating Cost (\$/MWh) is Fuel Expense, Capital and Total Operating & Maintenance Cost divided by generation output

Nuclear Fuel Hedging Strategy Leads to Cost Stability

Operational Risk Management

- Hedge well in advance to secure supply and avoid near-term costs variability
- Promote supplier diversity and competition while managing levels of concentrated risk to our partners
- Appropriately size inventory holdings and forward contractual requirements to protect against supply disruptions and price shocks while allowing capital flexibility

Financial Risk Management

- Structure forward contracts to control price risk
- Establish metrics to measure and forecast cost variability
- Allow flexibility to pursue market opportunities and cost optimization
- Negotiate ceiling prices in market-related contracts and caps on references to inflation indexes
- Amortize fuel cost over the time the fuel is in the core



Nuclear fuel is ~20% of operating costs and uranium is 40% of fuel costs



Constellation has a History of Improving Operations



(1) Pre-Integration statistics reflect years 2007 – 2013 and Post-Integration reflect years 2014 – 2020; certain years selected for capacity factor and refueling outages for comparison purposes

(2) Pre-integration statistics reflect years 2012 – 2016 and Post-Integration reflect years 2017 – 2020; certain years selected for capacity factor and refueling outages for comparison purposes

(3) Total Generating Cost (\$/MWh) is Fuel Expense, Capital and Total Operating & Maintenance Cost divided by generation output. The numbers represented are what was submitted to the

Electric Utility Cost Group (EUCG) as part of an annual reporting process for member utilities.

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Best-in-Class Operations Provide Substantial Environmental and Economic Benefits

4% Capacity Factor Above Industry Average⁽¹⁾

Х

Constellation Capacity (21 GW)⁽²⁾

...over 7.3 million MWh additional carbon-free energy generated

...almost 5.2 million mtCO₂ avoided, which is equivalent to removing 1.1 million cars off the road⁽³⁾

...the equivalent of 2.4 GW of wind

...the equivalent of 3.5 GW of solar panels

... Over \$275M in additional carbon-free energy generated⁽⁴⁾

...\$435M in savings related to the cost to purchase the same amount of carbon-free energy from renewables^(4,5)

- (1) Industry average represents major operators excluding Exelon
- (2) Assumes total output generated from plants and not ownership
- (3) Measured using the EPA Greenhouse Gas Emissions calculator https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator
- (4) Measured using NY Zone A reference price of \$37.83/MWh as of November 30, 2021

(5) Savings include additional \$22/MWh REC price from most recent NYSERDA procurements https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/All-Programs/Clean-Energy-Standard/LSE-Obligations/2021-

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Committed to Reaching Carbon-Free Energy Goals by Seeking to Extend Licenses of our Nuclear Fleet

License Extensions

- Constellation plans to file applications to extend the licenses of our nuclear fleet to 80 years assuming policy support
- The NRC approved the extension of Peach Bottom in March 2020, becoming the 2nd nuclear reactor to receive approval to operate 80 years
- The process took approximately four years, from announcement in 2016, to application submission in 2018, to approval in 2020

Anticipated Project Start Dates



Nuclear Uprate Opportunities

- Constellation will seek approval from the NRC to improve upon our best-in-class operations and increase the carbon-free output from our nuclear fleet
- Over the next 5 years, Constellation has an opportunity to add over 200 MW in capacity through measurement uncertainty recapture (MUR) power uprates and turbine upgrades





Clean Hydrogen will enable decarbonization of hard to decarbonize sectors





Nine Mile Point Hydrogen Pilot

- Constellation has been awarded a DOE grant in partnership with Nel Hydrogen and 3 national laboratories to demonstrate an integrated hydrogen production strategy
- Nine Mile Point was selected as the site to install a Proton Exchange Membrane (PEM) electrolyzer
- Budget Period 1 concluded in August 2021



Electrolysis is the process of splitting the water molecule into hydrogen and oxygen using electricity. The inputs to this process are simply feed water and the current supplied to the electrolyser.



Budget Period 1: Complete 30% Design Demonstrate dynamics operation Budget Period 2: Finish 100% design, install, operate at steady state Demonstrate dynamic

Demonstrate dynamic operation, simulate scaleup Year 1 (April 2020 – March 2021)

- Site selection and 30% engineering design
- Engineering specification for electrolyzer
- Environmental review
- Regulatory review
- Installation cost estimate and plan

Year 2 (April 2021 – March 2022)

- 100% engineering design
- Complete manufacture, test of electrolyzer

Year 3 (April 2022 – March 2023)

- Start of steady state operation of electrolyzer
- Simulation of scale-up electrolyzer operation
- Demonstration of dynamic operation on site



Strong Performance from our Renewables and Power Fleet

12 GW Capacity	27 million MWh
operating in 17 states and Canada	from 3 GW renewables, 8 GW gas units, 1 GW oil
8 million MWh	LNG Terminal
of carbon-free energy produced from 3 GW hydro, wind and solar	with 3 BCF storage and 1 BCF/day vaporization capacity
Power Dispatch Match ⁽¹⁾	Wind & Solar Energy Capture ^(2,3)
97.2% 95.6% 95.8% 98.1%	96.1% 97.9% 96.3% 98.4% 93.4%
2016 2017 20	18 2019 2020

(1) Power Dispatch Match is used to measure the responsiveness of a unit to the market, expressed as the actual energy gross margin relative to the total desired energy gross margin. Desired energy gross margin is measured by revenues less fuel costs and variable O&M when unit is dispatched by Constellation or the RTO.

(2) Wind Energy Capture represents the actual energy produced by Wind Turbine Generators (WTGs) of a wind farm in the year, divided by the on-site measured total wind energy available

(3) Solar Energy Capture represents the actual energy produced by the sum of the Generating System Modules of a solar plant or group of solar plants, divided by the total expected energy to

Constellation

be produced by the sum of the same Generating System Modules

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Up to 500 MWs of Wind Assets Available for Repowering

- Enabled repowering/refurbishment of up to ~500 MWs under the current IRS guidelines for 60% PTC
- IRR range between 10%-25% assuming 60% PTC
- First repowering expected to start in 2022



Advantages of Repowering

Promotes the growth of Renewable platform	✓
Contributes toward federal and state sustainability goals	✓
Restarts the 10-year PTC clock	1
Extends useful life of assets	✓
Adds MWhrs to grid	✓
Leverages existing assets, reducing development risk and construction costs	~
Provides potential for longer term PPAs with counterparties	~
Significant upside under Build Back Better Plan	✓
Attractive returns with CapEx costs at or below new build	~
Allows for a large % of cash flows to come from contracted sources (PTC, PPA)	✓



Constellation's Texas Gas Plants have Significantly Lower Emissions than other ERCOT Plants



- CO₂ emission rate was 23% lower than the ERCOT average^(1,2)
- 1.348 million metric tonnes of CO₂ were avoided, or the equivalent of taking over 293,000 cars⁽³⁾ off the road compared to the ERCOT grid average emission rate
- 1,870 fewer tons of NOx, 18,181 fewer tons of Particulate Matter (PM), and 2,612 tons fewer tons of SO₂ were emitted than the ERCOT grid average emission rate
- Constellation 's five-year behind-the-meter power supply transaction with Compute North to colocate its data center at one of our Texas plants provides additional margin while enhancing grid reliability by providing curtailable load to ERCOT without requiring new gas fired peakers to be built

(1) Based on 2020 Constellation average emission rate of 809 lb/MW compared to ERCOT average of 1,056 lb/MW

(2) ERCOT 2020 Average Emission Rates are based on the following generation fuel mix: 46.7% Natural Gas, 25.0% Renewable Energy, 17.9% Coal and Lignite, 10.1% Nuclear, and 0.4% Other



(3) Measured using the EPA Greenhouse Gas Emissions calculator https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator

Staying at the Forefront of Technology

Rolls Royce Agreement

- Constellation invested in Rolls Royce SMR Ltd alongside the UK Government, Rolls Royce, BNF Capital and Qatar Investment Authority to build and operate small modular reactors in the UK and internationally
- Each SMR would provide 470 MW of carbon-free electricity
- Constellation will serve as a lead nuclear adviser during pre-operation period and then become the SMR operator in the UK
- As of November 2021, the UK Government has committed £210M (\$285M) to Rolls Royce to support advancement of phase 2, which includes further design development

Net Power, LLC

- NET Power, LLC is a strategic venture between Constellation, 8 Rivers, McDermott, and Occidental Petroleum; Constellation owns ~31%
- The new technology uses a semi-closed loop cycle that inherently captures all CO₂ and uses it as working fluid; ~97% of CO₂ is recycled with the remaining ~3% of CO₂ pipeline-ready
- In November 2021, NET Power's demonstration plant in La Porte, TX was synchronized to the grid, marking the final step in proving this new innovative technology











Catalyzing Customer Access to Carbon-Free Products

Jim McHugh

Chief Commercial Officer

Our Commercial Business: Who & What We Serve





Leading Customer Operational Metrics Result in Consistent and Repeatable Load

Leading Customer Operational Metrics

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(1) Reflects retail load and wholesale load auction volumes as of December 31, 2020. Does not equate to annualized retail load volumes under contract as reported in DNV GL Market Share Landscape.

Constellation is a Leading Provider of Retail Electricity







Our C&I Concentration is a Core Strength

Financial Stability

Scalable Platform



- Predictable load and stable unit margins
- Repeatable business with high retention and win rates
- Insulation from weather-driven volatility
- Better aligned to baseload fleet
- Maximized cash flows from high customer satisfaction and win and renewal rates



- Broad suite of energy, sustainability, and analytics solutions for customers
- Lower customer acquisition and services costs allows for scalability
- Curtailable load enables grid stability

Strong Foundation for Growth



 Best positioned to sell sustainability and carbon-free products due to our strong customer relationships



Constellation Provides an Integrated Value Proposition for our C&I Customers





Businesses are Demanding Carbon-Free Energy Products and Solutions







Driving the Customer and Grid Transition to Carbon Free with an Hourly-Matched Product



Identify base load, dispatchable, and nondispatchable assets

Customer

load

Ø (\$)

Leverage real-time meter data to balance hour-by-hour grid and usage to available carbon-free sources

Carbon Emissions

Understand and manage to marginal emissions factors







Auditable

Hourly digital certificates verify customer load matching

ſ	

Reporting

Real-time reporting of customer emissions footprint



Flexible

Ultimate customer flexibility is provided with the ability to implement efficiency projects/upgrades, and choice of energy technology

Constellation is developing an hourly-matched carbon-free energy solution that is optimized around customer decarbonization goals and affordability





Constellation is Committed to Enabling Technology Development to Drive Value

Constellation's culture of innovation is advancing the energy transition by enabling new technology, forging strategic partnerships, investments and acquisitions to bring the next innovative product to our customers

Target Institutions	Government/ Industry Associations	National Labs	Universities	Venture Capital	Private Equity	Companies	
Knowledge Transfer	Science and Basic/ Applied R&D	Science and Basic/ Applied R&D	Applied R&D, Early- Stage Venture Capital	Business model, product de-risking, go-to market strategy	Pricing marketing, consumer adoption	Commercialized at scale, business model, market share and growth	
	Development				Cu	stomer Deployment	
	Par	tnership R&D		Venture Investing		M&A]
			-charge	point. L	evel10		







Creating Value for Shareholders

Dan Eggers

Chief Financial Officer

De-risking Generation Platform through Hedging and Contracted Revenue





Our generation supported by state programs will increase to 56% of total output by 2023...

Such that the IL CMC program plus our ratable hedging program on the remaining fleet increases overall generation hedge levels, ultimately providing significant visibility to gross margins over the next 3 years

Gross margin visibility is supported by the IL CMC program, ZEC and capacity revenues, our strong customer supply business, and the ratable hedging program for non-contracted generation

(1) Includes IL, NY, and NJ ZEC programs, IL CMC program, and PTCs for renewables

(2) Hedged percentages as of November 30, 2021

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(3) Includes capacity revenues; 23/24 & 24/25 PJM capacity results are based on internal assumptions given PJM has not run the auctions to date



Gross Margin* Update

	<u>November 30, 2021</u>	
Gross Margin Category (\$M) ⁽¹⁾	2022	2023
Open Gross Margin* (including South, West, New England, Canada hedged gross margin) ⁽²⁾	\$6,200	\$4,450
Contracted Revenues (Capacity, ZEC and IL CMC Plant Revenues) ⁽³⁾	\$2,450	\$2,850
Mark-to-Market of Hedges ⁽⁴⁾	\$(2,150)	\$(600)
Power New Business / To Go	\$450	\$500
Non-Power Margins Executed	\$150	\$100
Non-Power New Business / To Go	\$250	\$350
Total Gross Margin ^{* (5)}	\$7,350	\$7,650

(1) Gross margin* categories rounded to nearest \$50M

(3) Includes gross margin and CMC payments for CMC plants starting June 1, 2022. NY ZEC revenues reflect the expected NY ZEC payment as of current market forwards. Should market forwards exceed the ZEC reference index in New York, ZEC payments may decline.
 (4) Mark-to-Market of Hedges assumes mid-point of hedge percentages



(5) Based on November 30, 2021 market conditions

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⁽²⁾ Includes gross margin for CMC plants through May 31, 2022

Cost Management Outpacing Inflation



(\$ in millions)

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Focus on Efficiencies and Cost Management

- Constellation has a proven track record of effective cost management
- Projected to save over \$1.4B in inflation-adjusted costs by 2024⁽⁵⁾

Constellation's focus on efficiencies and cost reduction, while ensuring safety and operational excellence, will support free cash flow generation

Note: All amounts rounded to the nearest \$25M and may not sum due to rounding

- (1) 2021 adjusted O&M* is estimated based on November 30, 2021 forecasts. Actual results may vary.
- (2) Represents the additional adjusted O&M* disclosed in Q4 2019 Earnings call under normal conditions. 2020 and 2021 O&M spend is lower due to savings achieved to offset impacts of Covid-19 and Texas Weather Event, respectively.
- (3) 2017-2021 include adjustments for purposes of comparing to forward-looking measures. Adjustments include reflecting CENG at 100% ownership, ARO accretion expense of unregulated units, and reclass of pension and OPEB non-service costs from O&M in accordance with SEC reporting guidelines that will apply to Constellation post-separation.
- (4) Post-separation Constellation will apply single-employer pension accounting, which requires non-service costs to be reclassed out from 0&M to Other, Net for SEC reporting purposes. Constellation's non-service costs are anticipated to be in a credit position of \$100M, \$150M, and \$175M in 2022, 2023, and 2024, respectively. Impact is P&L neutral.
- (5) Calculated using 2017 actuals and adjusting for annual inflation through 2024 (Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis); 2022-2024 assumes inflation rate of 2.5%



Carbon-Free Capital Investment Plans



(\$ in millions)

~90% of Capital will be Invested in Carbon-Free Over the Next 3 Years⁽³⁾

(1) Represents capital expenditures that were deferred due to Covid-19, ERCOT, and Byron and Dresden announcements

(2) Represents the additional capital included in the plan as of Q4 2019 Earnings call, which was prior to announcement of Byron and Dresden retirements

(3) Reflects spend related to nuclear and renewable assets

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Disciplined Capital Allocation Strategy Designed to Deliver Value for Our Shareholders





Maintaining Strong Investment Grade Credit Ratings is a Top Financial Priority

S&P FFO/Debt (%)*(1)



Debt/Adjusted EBITDA Ratio*(3)



Moody's CFO Pre-WC/Debt (%)*(2)



Constellation Credit Ratings

	S&P	Moody's
Issuer Rating	BBB-	Baa2
Short-Term Rating	A-3	P-2



(1) S&P and Moody's anticipated downgrade thresholds post-separation based on their latest published reports for Exelon Generation

(2) Moody's metrics and thresholds account for nuclear fuel as a cash expense

(3) Reflects net book debt (YE debt less cash on hand) / adjusted EBITDA*

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Returning Value to Our Shareholders Through an Annual Dividend⁽¹⁾





Growth Opportunities Can Deliver Value for Our Shareholders

We may pursue growth opportunities that provide additional value building on our core businesses or expanding our competitive advantages

- Opportunistic carbon-free energy acquisitions, particularly nuclear plants with supportive policy
- Create new value from the existing fleet through repowering, co-location and other opportunities
- Grow sustainability products and services for our customers focused on clean energy, efficiency, storage and electrification; help our C&I customers develop and meet sustainability targets
- Produce clean hydrogen using our carbon-free fleet
- Engagement with the technology and innovation ecosystem through continued partnerships with national labs, universities, startups, and research institutions
- Explore advanced nuclear technology for investment and participation via advisory services to maintain our leadership position as stewards of a carbon-free energy future



Available Cash Flow Outlook



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(2) Debt Reduction includes collateral activity
 (3) Separation O&M / CapEx includes costs and investments related to separation and multi-year implementation of Enterprise Resource Program (ERP) system



Initiating 2022 Guidance

2022 Adjusted EBITDA*

\$2,350M - \$2,750M







Closing

Joe Dominguez

Chief Executive Officer

Constellation: America's Leading Clean Energy Company

Committed to a Carbon-Free Future	 Cleanest generation fleet in the country providing 10% of carbon-free power in the U.S. Enabling customers to meet their environmental and sustainability goals by providing innovative products aimed at carbon-free solutions Strong advocate for policy supporting carbon-free goals, at both the state and national level, and well-positioned to support these goals
World Class Operations	 Industry-leading nuclear capacity factor of ~94% or higher since 2013; ~4% better than industry average each year 2020 average refueling outage duration of 22 days; 11 days better than the industry average High customer satisfaction, resulting in strong customer renewal and retention rates that support leading 23% market share with C&I customers
Industry-Leading Customer Business	 One of the largest customer-facing platforms in the U.S., serving ~215 TWhs⁽¹⁾ of load, including ~155 TWhs of primarily C&I retail and ~60 TWhs of wholesale volumes High customer satisfaction levels resulting in business stability: 77% average retail power renewal rate since 2016 Since 2016, average customer duration of more than 6 years
Strong Value Proposition	 Committed to investment grade credit ratings Record of cost management, with more than \$1.1B of cost reductions since 2015 Projected to save over \$1.4B in inflation-adjusted costs by 2024 Prioritizing capital allocation to support balance sheet, return of value to shareholders including annual dividend of \$180M growing at 10%, and investments that optimize our core businesses⁽²⁾ Well-defined risk mitigation strategies including state support programs, capacity markets, and ratable hedging program
Committed to ESG Principles	 Leader in carbon-free energy, reduced emissions by 80% since 2005, which has led to a generating fleet that is 90% carbon-free and will grow to 100% carbon-free by 2040 Diversity, equity and inclusion is a business imperative, core value and moral obligation Partner with, and support, the communities in which we operate through philanthropy, racial and social justice initiatives, and workforce development programs Maintain the highest standards of corporate governance to help us achieve our performance goals and maintain the trust and confidence of our shareholders, employees, customers, regulators, and other stakeholders






Appendix

Constellation's Strategy is Integrated with ESG

Clean Energy Advocacy	 Policy Advocacy - We work with policymakers to find solutions that drive decarbonization and provide value to customers
Carbon-Free Energy & Climate Mitigation	 Carbon-Free, Safe, and Reliable Energy - Retaining essential best-in-class carbon-free, firm, 24/7 assets and growing the supply of clean power, fuels and energy carriers including hydrogen are essential to fighting the climate crisis Climate Change Mitigation, Adaptation – Recognizing supply can be impacted by climate change, our business also needs to adapt, build resiliency and support longevity Supply Chain and Fuel Cycle - Building a sustainable supply chain that delivers energy as well as quality products and services, and responsibly manages waste
Customer Transformation	 Clean Customer Transformation – Customers, including businesses and cities, are transforming to become more sustainable from energy supply to management. We supply clean power when they need it 24 hours a day and provide transformative solutions to integrate clean fuels. We will continue to innovate to meet customer needs.
Technology and Commercialization	 Innovation and Technology Enablement - Partnership with our customers, suppliers, universities, governments, national labs and startups are essential to enable a clean energy future. We support technology advancement through development, partnerships and commercialization pathways.
Energy Equity	 Equity and Community Empowerment - We are committed to building a future in which all our customers, employees, business partners, and communities benefit equitably from social, environmental and economic progress Diversity, Equity and Inclusion - Our commitment to diversity, equity and inclusion is an advantage in the fight against climate change, including a commitment to attract, retain, and develop a diverse, equitable workforce, promote an inclusive culture and extend diversity and inclusiveness throughout our value chain
Governance and Ethics	 Governance and Ethics - Strong corporate governance and risk management is critical to maximize operational results, ensure compliance



Long-Term Debt Maturity Profile



Constellation's weighted average LTD maturity is approximately 10 years⁽¹⁾

(1) Maturity profile excludes non-recourse debt, securitized debt, capital leases, fair value adjustments, unamortized debt issuance costs and unamortized discount/premium

(2) Long-term debt balances reflect Q3 2021 10-Q GAAP financials, which include items listed in footnote 1

(3) Includes \$258M intercompany loan from ExGen to Corporate (Legacy CEG notes maturing April 1, 2032), which will be settled upon close



Nuclear Fleet Overview

Plant Location	Type/Containment	License Extension Status	License Expiration ⁽¹⁾	Capacity (MW) ⁽²⁾	Policy Support (Term)	Ownership	Spent Fuel Storage	2-Year Capacity Factor ⁽³⁾
Braidwood, IL (Units 1 and 2)	Pressurized Water Reactor Concrete/Steel Lined	Renewed	Unit 1: 2046 Unit 2: 2047	2,386	CMC Jun '22 – May '27	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 96.8% Unit 2: 97.3%
Byron, IL (Units 1 and 2)	Pressurized Water Reactor Concrete/Steel Lined	Renewed	Unit 1: 2044 Unit 2: 2046	2,347	CMC Jun '22 – May '27	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 97.4% Unit 2: 95.2%
Calvert Cliffs, MD (Units 1and 2)	Pressurized Water Reactor Concrete/Steel Lined	Renewed	Unit 1: 2034 Unit 2: 2036	1,790	N/A	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 96.0% Unit 2: 95.8%
Clinton, IL (Unit 1)	Boiling Water Reactor Concrete/Steel Lined/Mark III	2027 ⁽⁴⁾	Unit 1: 2027 ⁽⁵⁾	1,080	ZEC Jun '17 – May '27	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 95.0%
Dresden, IL (Units 2 and 3)	Boiling Water Reactor Steel Vessel/Mark I	Renewed	Unit 2: 2029 Unit 3: 2031	1,845	CMC Jun '22 – May '27	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 2: 93.0% Unit 3: 95.8%
FitzPatrick (Unit 1)	Boiling Water Reactor Steel Vessel/Mark I	Renewed	Unit 1: 2034	842	ZEC Apr '17 – Mar '29	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 94.4%
LaSalle, IL (Units 1 and 2)	Boiling Water Reactor Concrete/Steel Lined/Mark II	Renewed	Unit 1: 2042 Unit 2: 2043	2,320	N/A	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 96.0% Unit 2: 96.3%
Limerick, PA (Units 1 and 2)	Boiling Water Reactor Concrete/Steel Lined/Mark II	Renewed	Unit 1: 2044 Unit 2: 2049	2,317	N/A	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 94.6% Unit 2: 95.8%
Nine Mile Point, NY (Units 1 and 2)	Boiling Water Reactor Steel Vessel /Mark I Concrete/Steel Vessel/Mark II	Renewed	Unit 1: 2029 Unit 2: 2046	1,676	ZEC Apr '17 – Mar '29	Unit 1: Constellation 100% Unit 2: Constellation: 82%, 18% LIPA	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 92.4% Unit 2: 94.4%
Peach Bottom, PA (Units 2 and 3)	Boiling Water Reactor Steel Vessel/Mark I	Renewed	Unit 2: 2053 Unit 3: 2054	1,323	N/A	Constellation: 50% PSEG: 50%	Dry Cask	Unit 2: 93.7% Unit 3: 96.2%
Quad Cities, IL (Units 1 and 2)	Boiling Water Reactor Steel Vessel/Mark I	Renewed	Unit 1: 2032 Unit 2: 2032	1,403	ZEC Jun '17 – May '27	Constellation: 75% Mid-American Holdings: 25%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 94.6% Unit 2: 95.5%
R.E. Ginna, NY (Unit 1)	Pressurized Water Reactor Concrete/Steel Lined	Renewed	Unit 1: 2029	576	ZEC Apr '17 – Mar '29	Constellation: 100%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 92.2%
Salem, NJ (Units 1 and 2)	Pressurized Water Reactor Concrete/Steel Lined	Renewed	Unit 1: 2036 Unit 2: 2040	995	ZEC Jun '22 – May '25	Constellation: 42.59% PSEG: 57.41%	Dry Cask	Unit 1: 72.6% Unit 2: 93.0%

Operating license renewal process takes approximately 4-5 years from commencement until completion of NRC review
 Net generation capacity is stated at estimated proportionate ownership share as of November 30, 2021. Figures will be confirmed in 2021 10-K filing.

(3) 2-Year capacity factor based on 2019-2020

(4) Although timing has been delayed, Constellation currently plans to seek license renewal for Clinton and has notified the NRC that any license renewal application would not be filed

until the first quarter of 2024

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(5) In 2019, the NRC approved a change of the operating license expiration for Clinton from 2026 to 2027



Renewables Fleet (Wind)

Asset Name	ISO	Location	No. of Units	Primary Fuel Type	Primary Dispatch Type	Net Generation Capacity (MW) ⁽¹⁾	Ownership Interest (%) ⁽²⁾
Michigan Wind 2	MISO	Sanilac Co., MI	50	Wind	Intermittent	46	51
Beebe	MISO	Gratiot Co., MI	34	Wind	Intermittent	42	51
Michigan Wind 1	MISO	Huron Co., MI	46	Wind	Intermittent	35	51
Harvest 2	MISO	Huron Co., MI	33	Wind	Intermittent	30	51
Harvest	MISO	Huron Co., MI	32	Wind	Intermittent	27	51
Beebe 1B	MISO	Gratiot Co., MI	21	Wind	Intermittent	26	51
Blue Breezes	MISO	Faribault Co., MN	2	Wind	Intermittent	3	
CP Windfarm	MISO	Faribault Co., MN	2	Wind	Intermittent	2	51
Whitetail	ERCOT	Webb County, TX	57	Wind	Intermittent	47	51
Sendero	ERCOT	Jim Hogg and Zapata County, TX	39	Wind	Intermittent	40	51
Criterion	PJM	Oakland, MD	28	Wind	Intermittent	36	51
Fair Wind	PJM	Garrett County, MD	12	Wind	Intermittent	30	
Fourmile Ridge	PJM	Garrett County, MD	16	Wind	Intermittent	20	51
Bluestem	SPP	Beaver County, OK	60	Wind	Intermittent	101	51
Shooting Star	SPP	Kiowa County, KS	65	Wind	Intermittent	53	51
Bluegrass Ridge	SERC	King City, MO	27	Wind	Intermittent	29	51
Conception	SERC	Barnard, MO	24	Wind	Intermittent	26	51
Cow Branch	SERC	Rock Port, MO	24	Wind	Intermittent	26	51
Mountain Home	Northwest	Glenns Ferry, ID	20	Wind	Intermittent	21	51
High Mesa	Northwest	Elmore Co., ID	19	Wind	Intermittent	20	51
Echo 1	Northwest	Echo, OR	21	Wind	Intermittent	17	50.49
Cassia	Northwest	Buhl, ID	14	Wind	Intermittent	15	51
Wildcat	Southwest	Lovington, NM	13	Wind	Intermittent	14	51
Echo 2	Northwest	Echo, OR	10	Wind	Intermittent	10	51
Tuana Springs	Northwest	Hagerman, ID	8	Wind	Intermittent	9	51
Greensburg	SPP	Greensburg, KS	10	Wind	Intermittent	6	51
Echo 3	Northwest	Echo, OR	6	Wind	Intermittent	5	50.49
Three Mile Canyon	Northwest	Boardman, OR	6	Wind	Intermittent	5	51
Loess Hills	SERC	Rock Port, MO	4	Wind	Intermittent	5	
Total Wind						746	

Net generation capacity is stated at estimated proportionate ownership share as of November 30, 2021. Figures will be confirmed in 2021 10-K filing.
 100% ownership, unless otherwise indicated



Renewables Fleet (Solar/Hydro/Storage)

Asset Name	ISO	Location	No. of Units	Primary Fuel Type	Primary Dispatch Type	Net Generation Capacity (MW) ⁽¹⁾	Ownership Interest (%) ⁽²⁾
Solar Horizons	PJM	Emmitsburg, MD	1	Solar	Intermittent	16	51
Solar New Jersey 3	PJM	Middle Township, NJ	5	Solar	Intermittent	2	51
Antelope Valley	CAISO	Lancaster, CA	1	Solar	Intermittent	242	
Sacramento PV Energy	CAISO	Sacramento, CA	4	Solar	Intermittent	30	51
Denver Airport Solar	Southwest	Denver, CO	1	Solar	Intermittent	4	51
Total Solar						294	
Muddy Run	PJM	Drumore, PA	8	Hydroelectric	Intermediate	1,070	
Conowingo	PJM	Darlington, MD	11	Hydroelectric	Base-load	572	
Clinton Battery Storage	PJM	Blanchester, OH	1	Energy Storage	Peaking	10	
Total Hydro/Storage						1,652	
Total Renewables						2,692	



Gas Fleet

Asset Name	ISO	Location	No. of Units	Primary Fuel Type	Primary Dispatch Type	Net Generation Capacity (MW) ⁽¹⁾	Ownership Interest (%) ⁽²⁾
Mystic 8, 9	ISO-NE	Charlestown, MA	6	Gas	Intermediate	1,413	
Hillabee	SERC	Alexander City, AL	3	Gas	Intermediate	753	
West Medway II	ISO-NE	West Medway, MA	2	Oil/Gas	Peaking	192	
West Medway	ISO-NE	West Medway, MA	3	Oil	Peaking	124	
Grand Prairie	Alberta	Alberta, Canada	1	Gas	Peaking	105	
Wyman 4	ISO-NE	Yarmouth, ME	1	Oil	Intermediate	35	5.9
Framingham	ISO-NE	Framingham, MA	3	Oil	Peaking	31	
Mystic Jet	ISO-NE	Charlestown, MA	1	Oil	Peaking	9	
Eddystone 3, 4	PJM	Eddystone, PA	2	Oil/Gas	Peaking	760	
Perryman	PJM	Aberdeen, MD	5	Oil/Gas	Peaking	404	
Croydon	PJM	West Bristol, PA	8	Oil	Peaking	391	
Handsome Lake	PJM	Kennerdell, PA	5	Gas	Peaking	268	
Richmond	PJM	Philadelphia, PA	2	Oil	Peaking	98	
Philadelphia Road	PJM	Baltimore, MD	4	Oil	Peaking	61	
Eddystone	PJM	Eddystone, PA	4	Oil	Peaking	60	
Delaware	PJM	Philadelphia, PA	4	Oil	Peaking	56	
Southwark	PJM	Philadelphia, PA	4	Oil	Peaking	52	
Falls	PJM	Morrisville, PA	3	Oil	Peaking	51	
Moser	PJM	Lower Pottsgrove Twp., PA	3	Oil	Peaking	51	
Chester	PJM	Chester, PA	3	Oil	Peaking	39	
Schuylkill	PJM	Philadelphia, PA	2	Oil	Peaking	30	
Salem	PJM	Lower Alloways Creek Township, NJ	1	Oil	Peaking	16	42.59
Colorado Bend II	ERCOT	Wharton, TX	3	Gas	Intermediate	1,143	
Wolf Hollow II	ERCOT	Granbury, TX	3	Gas	Intermediate	1,115	
Handley 3	ERCOT	Fort Worth, TX	1	Gas	Intermediate	395	
Handley 4, 5	ERCOT	Fort Worth, TX	2	Gas	Peaking	870	
Southeast Chicago	PJM	Chicago, IL	8	Gas	Peaking	296	
Total Natural Gas/Oil/Oth	ner					8,818	





Zero-Emitting Nuclear is Prime Vehicle for Producing Hydrogen



Superior Economics

Green hydrogen from nuclear currently beats hydrogen production from renewables on a levelized cost basis





Nuclear plants require no siting or permitting and offer a secure and steady production source





Electrolyzer capacity can be modularly ramped onto nuclear assets from pilot stage to at-scale production – allowing iterative electrolyzer installation costdowns and quick production scale-up with new offtakers



Advantageous end-uses

Certain end-uses benefit from high heat industrial process – such as synfuels – that create a synergistic relationship with nuclear sites



Enhanced criticality of nuclear assets

With increasing renewables intermittency, electrolyzers can also be used to add flexibility to nuclear assets to improve value in a decarbonizing world



Zero-Emission Credit (ZEC) Overview and Timelines

Plant	State	Capacity (MW) ⁽¹⁾	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Clinton	IL	1,080	June '17					May '2	7			
Quad Cities	IL	1,403	June '17					May '2	7			
Fitzpatrick	NY	842	April '17							March '29		
Ginna	NY	576	April '17							March '29		
Nine Mile Point	NY	1,676	April '17							March '29		
Salem	NJ	995		June '22		May	'25					
Program Elements	s New York ZEC Program			III	inois ZE	C Progra	m		New Jersey ZEC Program			
General Description	Under the state's clean energy standard, load serving entities must purchase Zero Emission Credits from NYSERDA who purchases them from the eligible nuclear plants.		Under contra r Zero E	Under Future Energy Jobs Act, utilities in the state contract with zero emission facilities to procure all of the Zero Emission Credits produced in a year by the facility.			f the purc f the nuc lity. of th	Under the state's clean energy standard, utilities will purchase Zero Emission Certificates from certified nuclear plants in an amount equivalent to all of the out of the plant.				
Eligibility	 PSC selects units based on: Impact on NY air quality based on PSC evaluation Financial distress Alternatives, customer impact, public interest 		IPA se • Im • Fin	IPA selects units based on: Impact on IL air quality based on a formula Financial distress			BPL • • F	J selects un mpact on N Financial dis New applica	its based on: IJ air quality I stress ation required	based on bio	dder input year period	
Bidder Data provided	Multi-year costs, r	isks and revenue projections	6 year	6 year costs, risks and generation projection			3 ує	3 year costs, risks and revenue projections. Air impac				
Term	12 years (six 2-yea	ar periods)	10 years		3-ye	3-year periods						
ZEC Price	\$17.48/MWh for 1 st period (additional ~\$2.30/period thereafter)		\$16.50 (addit	0/MWh for ional \$1/yea	5 years ar thereafte	er)		~\$1	~\$10/MWh for initial 3 years			
Price Adjustment(s)	\$39/MWh – Market Price Index RGGI price deduct		\$31.4(31.40/MWh – Market Price Index			Dete 3-ye	Determined by NJ BPU for 2 nd 3-year period and beyond				
Program Budget Cap	\$480M per year initially		\$235N	V per year c	ost cap			~\$270M per year initially				



New York ZEC Price Determination

Tranche	Date	US SCC "Central Value" (\$/Short Ton)	Baseline RGGI Estimate (\$/Short Ton)	Net CO ₂ Externality (\$/Short Ton)	Short Ton to MWh (Conversion Factor)	Adjusted SCC (\$/MWh)	Zone A Reference Price (\$/MWh)	Energy and Capacity Forecast Adjustment (\$/MWh)	Upstate ZEC Price (\$/MWh)
Tranche 1	4/1/2017- 3/31/2019	\$42.87	\$10.41	\$32.47	0.53846	\$17.48	N/A	N/A	\$17.48
Tranche 2	4/1/2019- 3/31/2021	\$46.79	\$10.41	\$36.38	0.53846	\$19.59	\$39.00	N/A	\$19.59
Tranche 3	4/1/2021- 3/31/2023	\$50.11	\$10.41	\$39.71	0.53846	\$21.38	\$39.00	N/A	\$21.38
Tranche 4	4/1/2023- 3/31/2025	\$54.66	\$10.41	\$44.26	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Tranche 5	4/1/2025- 3/31/2027	\$59.54	\$10.41	\$49.13	TBD	TBD	Tranche 4 amount	TBD	TBD
Tranche 6	4/1/2027- 3/31/2029	\$64.54	\$10.41	\$54.13	TBD	TBD	Tranche 4 amount	TBD	TBD



Illinois Carbon Mitigation Credit (CMC) Overview and Timelines

Plant	State	Capacity (MW)
Braidwood	IL	2,386
Byron	IL	2,347
Dresden	IL	1,845

2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	
	June '2	2			May '	27				
	June '2	2			May '	27				
	June '2	2			May '	27				

Program Elements	Illinois Carbon Mitigation Credits Program
Eligibility	 IL CMC program is similar to the IL ZEC program, except that ComEd is the only buyer and only PJM units are eligible Bidders must submit financial projections to demonstrate financial need, and selection is based on air quality impacts in Illinois.
Term	5-energy years
Product	 A Carbon Mitigation Credit means the environmental attributes of 1 MWH of nuclear generation Suppliers are selling environmental attributes only, not energy or capacity Procurement quantity is 54.5 TWH per year (3 plants), with obligation to operate
CMC Price	 Suppliers bid an "all-in" price, not a fixed credit price Supplier payment = Bid Price - Energy Index - Capacity Index - Other Subsidies (eg, PTC) Energy Index = average day-ahead price at selected nuclear plants Capacity Index = ComEd zone capacity price Payment can be positive (to supplier) or negative (to buyer)
Bid Price Cap	\$30.30/MWh, \$32.50/MWh, \$33.43/MWh, \$33.50/MWh, \$34.50/MWh (for the 5 years)



PJM Capacity Market

	2021/2022			2022/	2023
Zone	Cleared Volumes (MW) ⁽¹⁾	Price (\$/MW-day)		Cleared Volumes (MW) ⁽¹⁾	Price (\$/MW-day)
Nuclear	5,175	\$196		4,600	\$69
Fossil/Others	-	\$196		-	\$69
ComEd	5,175			4,600	
Nuclear	3,925	\$166		4,450	\$98
Fossil/Others	2,100	\$166		2,450	\$98
EMAAC	6,025			6,900	
Nuclear	1,700	\$140		1,700	\$96
Fossil/Others	-	\$140		-	\$96
SWMAAC	1,700			1,700	
Nuclear	-	\$140		-	\$96
Fossil/Others	225	\$140		225	\$96
MAAC	225			225	
Nuclear	-	\$200		-	\$127
Fossil/Others	400	\$200		425	\$127
BGE	400			425	
Nuclear	-	\$140		-	\$50
Fossil/Others	100	\$140		50	\$50
Rest of RTOs	100			50	
Nuclear	10,800			10,750	
Fossil/Others	2,825			3,150	
PJM Portfolio	13,625			13,900	



Other Capacity Markets

Plant Location	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
NEMA				
Capacity (MW) ⁽³⁾	1,365	1,525	1,525	115
Price (\$/MWd)	\$172	\$125	\$66	\$131
<u>SEMA</u>				
Capacity (MW) ⁽³⁾	235	235	235	235
Price (\$/MWd) ⁽⁴⁾	\$568	\$585	\$597	\$632
ISO-NE ⁽¹⁾	1,600	1,760	1,760	350
Capacity (MW) ⁽³⁾	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100
NYISO ⁽²⁾	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100
Capacity (MW) ⁽³⁾	1,035			
Price (\$/MWd) ⁽⁴⁾	\$5			
MISO	1,035			

(1) ISO-NE: ISO New England; NEMA: Northeastern Massachusetts and Boston; SEMA: Southeastern Massachusetts

(2) NYISO: New York Independent System Operator

(3) Represents offered capacity at ownership





Texas Winter Preparedness

In compliance with Senate Bill 3, Constellation has addressed all requirements under PUCT Weatherization Standard – Phase I

Adherence with best practices from 2012 Quanta Report

- Built recommendations into Winter Readiness Procedures
- Completed ERCOT site walkdowns
- Created site playbooks to ensure proactive responses
- Built enclosures to protect temperature sensitive critical equipment
- Performed independent 3rd party heat trace assessments to verify circuit operation

Fixed known acute issues that arose from 2020-2021 winter weather season

- Implemented design improvements or mitigations to prevent reoccurrence of issues
- Installed Air Cooled Condenser (ACC) Control System at Colorado Bend II
- Upgraded Distributed Control System at Handley 3
- Enhanced Piping Insulation
- Installed new heat tracing equipment at Handley

Provided notarized attestation

• Notarized attestation of all required PUCT actions sent in November 2021



Enhanced Piping Insulation



Enhanced Equipment Heat Tracing



Commercial Business Overview

Customer Breakdown of 2020 Load Served⁽¹⁾



2020 Power Load Served by Region (TWh)⁽¹⁾



- Commercial business gross margin is driven primarily by our customer-facing businesses, which operates across multiple Wholesale and retail channelsto-market
- Opportunity to serve full suite of innovative products, commodities, and clean energy solutions to highly rated counterparties in multiple locations
- Customer usage pattern aligns with our generation portfolio from a hedging perspective; ability to source 3rd party generation to support a "supply-tocustomer" strategy to enable expanded customer reach



Constellation Natural Gas Profile

Top 10 Natural Gas Provider in the U.S.

- Constellation participates across all parts of the gas value chain including trading, transport and storage, physical gas supply, pricing, risk management and more
- Delivering more than 1.6 billion dekatherms of gas annually to wholesale and retail customers, as well as schedule, nominate and balance behind more than 150 utilities
- Active participant in all major supply basins, markets and trading points in North America and active shipper on 80+ interstate pipelines daily
- Everett Marine Terminal is the longest-operating LNG import facility of its kind in the U.S



Gas Sales by Customer Type and Market Sector

Our Customers, Our Solutions

- Serving over 750 BCF of natural gas to government, institutional, industrial and commercial customers
- One of the nation's largest natural gas suppliers to residences and aggregation programs
- Market-leading managed solutions, as well as fixed and floating rate gas products
- MarketWatch[®] tool helps customer monitor market activity to guide gas purchasing strategies
- Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) supply & attributes



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CTV: Investing in Emerging Technologies and Business Models



Constellation Technology Ventures' Active Investments



Investing in venture stage energy technology companies that can provide new solutions to Constellation and its customers

Note: Constellation's active technology investments can be found at http://technologyventures.constellation.com/; reflects current portfolio as of December 1, 2021 (1) Green boxes reflect companies that have executed a merger transactions with Special Purpose Acquisition Companies (SPACs)



Commercial Disclosures

November 30, 2021



Portfolio Management Strategy

Strategic Policy Alignment	Three-Year Ratable Hedging	Bull / Bear Program
 Our portfolio starts in a position of already partially hedged, via longer term state programs such as the CMC in IL Aligns hedging program financial policies and financial outlook Establish minimum hedge targets to meet financial objectives of the company (dividend, credit rating) Hedge enough commodity risk to meet future cash requirements under a stress scenario 	 Ensure stability in near-term cash flows and earnings Disciplined approach to hedging Tenor aligns with customer preferences and market liquidity Multiple channels to market that allow us to maximize margins 	 Ability to exercise fundamental market views to create value within the ratable framework Modified timing of hedges versus purely ratable Cross-commodity hedging (heat rate positions, options, etc.) Delivery locations, regional and zonal spread relationships
Align Hedging & Financials Establishing Minimum Hedge Targets Credit Rating Capital & Operating Expenditure Dividend	Portfolio Management Over Time % Hedged High End of Profit Low End of Profit Open Generation with LT Contracts Portfolio Management & Optimization	Purely ratable Actual hedge % Market views on timing, product allocation and regional spreads reflected in actual hedge %
Protect Balance Sheet	Ensure Earnings Stability	Create Value



Components of Gross Margin* Categories

Gross margin* linked to power production and sales			Gross margin* from other business activities		
Open Gross Margin*	Contracted Revenues	MtM of Hedges ⁽²⁾	"Power" New Business	"Non Power" Executed	"Non Power" New Business
 Generation Gross Margin* at current market prices, including ancillary revenues, nuclear fuel amortization and fuel expense Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) Costs and Revenues Provided at a consolidated level for all regions (includes hedged gross margin* for South, West, New England and Canada⁽¹⁾) 	 Expected contracted revenues from CMC payments to eligible IL plants Expected capacity revenues for generation of electricity Expected revenues from Zero Emissions Credits (ZEC) 	 Mark-to-Market (MtM) of power, capacity and ancillary hedges, including cross commodity, retail and wholesale load transactions Provided directly at a consolidated level for four major regions. Provided indirectly for each of the four major regions via Effective Realized Energy Price (EREP), reference price, hedge %, expected generation. 	 Retail, Wholesale planned electric sales Portfolio Management new business Mid marketing new business 	 Retail, Wholesale executed gas sales Energy Efficiency⁽⁴⁾ BGE Home⁽⁴⁾ 	 Retail, Wholesale planned gas sales Energy Efficiency⁽³⁾ BGE Home⁽³⁾ Portfolio Management / origination fuels new business Proprietary trading⁽⁴⁾
		Margins move from of hedges over the sales are e	new business to MtM course of the year as executed ⁽⁵⁾	Margins move fr business" to "Non po course	om "Non power new ower executed" over the of the year

(1) Hedged gross margins* for South, West, New England & Canada region will be included with Open Gross Margin*; no expected generation, hedge %, EREP or reference prices provided for these regions

- (2) MtM of hedges provided directly for the four larger regions; MtM of hedges is not provided directly at the regional level but can be easily estimated using EREP, reference price and hedged MWh
- (3) Gross margin* for these businesses are net of direct "cost of sales"
- (4) Proprietary trading gross margins* will generally remain within "Non Power" New Business category and only move to "Non Power" Executed category upon management discretion
- (5) Margins for South, West, New England & Canada regions and optimization of fuel and PPA activities captured in Open Gross Margin*



Gross Margin*

	<u>November 30, 2021</u>	
Gross Margin Category (\$M) ⁽¹⁾	2022	2023
Open Gross Margin		
(including South, West, New England & Canada hedged GM)* ⁽²⁾	\$6,200	\$4,450
Contracted Revenues (Capacity, ZEC and IL CMC Plant Revenues) ⁽³⁾	\$2,450	\$2,850
Mark-to-Market of Hedges ⁽⁴⁾	\$(2,150)	\$(600)
Power New Business / To Go	\$450	\$500
Non-Power Margins Executed	\$150	\$100
Non-Power New Business / To Go	\$250	\$350
Total Gross Margin ^{* (5)}	\$7,350	\$7,650
Reference Prices ⁽⁵⁾	2022	2023
Henry Hub Natural Gas (\$/MMBtu)	\$4.12	\$3.55
Midwest: NiHub ATC prices (\$/MWh)	\$41.18	\$33.75
Mid-Atlantic: PJM-W ATC prices (\$/MWh)	\$49.23	\$40.39
ERCOT-N ATC Spark Spread (\$/MWh) <i>HSC Gas, 7.2HR, \$2.50 VOM</i>	\$11.79	\$9.48
New York: NY Zone A (\$/MWh)	\$37.83	\$32.93

(1) Gross margin* categories rounded to nearest \$50M

(2) Includes gross margin for CMC plants through May 31, 2022

(3) Includes gross margin and CMC payments for CMC plants starting June 1, 2022. NY ZEC revenues reflect the expected NY ZEC payment as of current market forwards. Should market forwards exceed the ZEC reference index in New York, ZEC payments may decline.
 (4) Mark-to-Market of Hedges assumes mid-point of hedge percentages



(5) Based on November 30, 2021, market conditions

Generation and Hedges

	November	<u>~ 30, 2021</u>	
Generation and Hedges	2022	2023	
Expected Generation (GWh) ⁽¹⁾	199,000	196,000	
Midwest ⁽²⁾	96,500	95,300	
Mid-Atlantic	55,700	54,600	
ERCOT	21,400	20,300	
New York	25,400	25,800	
% of Expected Generation Hedged ⁽³⁾	91%-94%	74%-77%	
Midwest	95%-98%	86%-89%	
Mid-Atlantic	95%-98%	69%-72%	
ERCOT	78%-81%	54%-57%	
New York	78%-81%	54%-57%	
Effective Realized Energy Price (\$/MWh) ⁽⁴⁾			
Midwest	\$27.00	\$27.00	

Midwest	\$27.00	\$27.00
Mid-Atlantic	\$33.50	\$34.00
ERCOT ⁽⁵⁾	\$4.00	\$4.00
New York	\$24.00	\$24.50

(1) Expected generation is the volume of energy that best represents our commodity position in energy markets from owned or contracted for capacity based upon a simulated dispatch model that makes assumptions regarding future market conditions, which are calibrated to market quotes for power, fuel, load following products, and options. Expected generation assumes 11 refueling outages in 2022 and 14 in 2023 at Constellation-operated nuclear plants and Salem. Expected generation assumes capacity factors of 94.5% and 94.0% in 2022 and 2023, respectively at Constellation-operated nuclear plants, at ownership. These estimates of expected generation in 2022 and 2023 do not represent guidance or a forecast of future results as Constellation has not completed its planning or optimization processes for those years.

(2) Midwest expected generation includes generation from CMC Plants of 31,600 GWh in 2022 and 54,000 GWh in 2023

(3) Percent of expected generation hedged is the amount of equivalent sales divided by expected generation. It includes all hedging products, such as wholesale and retail sales of power, options and swaps. The Midwest values in the table reflect IL plants receiving CMC payments as 100% hedged. To align with the Midwest EREP, however, one should exclude plant and hedge volumes associated with CMC payments. Excluding CMC plant and hedge volumes, the Midwest is 93% to 96% hedged in 2022 and 69% to 72% hedged in 2023. We will hedge the residual merchant generation in line with our three-year ratable program.

(4) Effective realized energy price is representative of an all-in hedged price, on a per MWh basis, at which expected generation has been hedged. It is developed by considering the energy revenues and costs associated with our hedges and by considering the fossil fuel that has been purchased to lock in margin. It excludes uranium costs, RPM capacity, ZEC and CMC revenues, but includes the mark-to-market value of capacity contracted at prices other than RPM clearing prices including our load obligations. It can be compared with the reference prices used to calculate open gross margin* in order to determine the mark-to-market value of Exelon Generation's energy hedges.



Hedged Gross Margin* Sensitivities

	<u>November 30, 2021</u>		
Gross Margin* Sensitivities (with existing hedges) ⁽¹⁾	2022	2023	
Henry Hub Natural Gas (\$/MMBtu)			
+ \$0.50/MMBtu	\$65	\$140	
- \$0.50/MMBtu	\$(45)	\$(135)	
NiHub ATC Energy Price			
+ \$2.50/MWh	_	\$30	
- \$2.50/MWh	-	\$(30)	
PJM-W ATC Energy Price			
+ \$2.50/MWh	\$5	\$40	
- \$2.50/MWh	-	\$(45)	
NYPP Zone A ATC Energy Price			
+ \$2.50/MWh	\$5	\$25	
- \$2.50/MWh	\$(5)	\$(25)	
Nuclear Capacity Factor			
+/-1%	+/- \$50	+/-\$30	

(1) Based on November 30, 2021 market conditions and hedged position; gas price sensitivities are based on an assumed gas-power relationship derived from an internal model that is updated periodically; power price sensitivities are derived by adjusting the power price assumption while keeping all other price inputs constant; due to correlation of the various assumptions, the hedged gross margin* impact calculated by aggregating individual sensitivities may not be equal to the hedged gross margin* impact calculated when correlations between the various assumptions are also considered; sensitivities based on commodity exposure which includes open generation and all committed transactions.



Illustrative Example of Modeling 2023 Total Gross Margin*

Row	Item	Midwest ⁽²⁾	Mid-Atlantic	ERCOT	New York
(A)	Start with fleet-wide open gross margin*	•	\$4.45 k	billion ———	
(B)	Contracted Revenues -	4	\$2.85 k	billion ———	•
(C)	Expected Generation (TWh)	41.3	54.6	20.3	25.8
(D)	Hedge % (assuming mid-point of range)	70.5%	70.5%	55.5%	55.5%
(E=C*D)	Hedged Volume (TWh)	29.1	38.5	11.3	14.3
(F)	Effective Realized Energy Price (\$/MWh)	\$27.00	\$34.00	\$4.00	\$24.50
(G)	Reference Price (\$/MWh)	\$33.75	\$40.39	\$9.48	\$32.93
(H=F-G)	Difference (\$/MWh)	(\$6.75)	(\$6.39)	(\$5.48)	(\$8.43)
(I=E*H)	Mark-to-Market value of hedges (\$ million) ⁽¹⁾	(\$195)	(\$245)	(\$60)	(\$120)
(J=A+B+I)	Hedged Gross Margin (\$ million)		\$6,7	00	
(K)	Power New Business / To Go (\$ million)		\$50)0	
(L)	Non-Power Margins Executed (\$ million)		\$10	0	
(M)	Non-Power New Business / To Go (\$ million)		\$35	0	
(N=J+K+L+M)	Total Gross Margin [*]		\$7,650 r	million	



(1) Mark-to-market rounded to the nearest \$5M

97 (2) Use the Midwest hedge ratio that excludes the CMC plant volume and hedges

Additional Constellation Modeling Data

Total Gross Margin* Reconciliation (in \$M) ⁽¹⁾	2022	2023
Adjusted Operating Revenues*(2)	\$19,075	\$18,500
Adjusted Purchased Power and Fuel* ⁽²⁾	\$(11,250)	\$(10,375)
Other Revenues ⁽³⁾	\$(175)	\$(175)
Direct cost of sales incurred to generate revenues for certain Constellation and Power businesses	\$(300)	\$(300)
Total Gross Margin* (Non-GAAP)	\$7,350	\$7,650

Inputs	2022
Avg. Shares Outstanding (millions) ⁽⁴⁾	326
Effective Tax Rate	25%
Cash Tax Rate ⁽⁵⁾	14%

- (1) All amounts rounded to the nearest \$25M
- (2) Excludes the Mark-to-Market impact of economic hedging activities due to the volatility and unpredictability of the future changes to power prices
- (3) Other Revenues primarily reflects revenues from variable interest entities, funds collected through revenues for decommissioning the former PECO nuclear plants through regulated rates and gross receipts tax revenues
- (4) Represents the estimated number of outstanding diluted shares of common stock upon consummation of the separation. The estimate is based on the number of shares of Exelon common stock outstanding on September 30, 2021 and applying the distribution ratio of one share of our common stock for every three shares of Exelon common stock.



(5) Cash tax rate excludes receivable from Exelon for tax credits. If receivable were to be included in calculation, cash tax rate would be 6%.

Appendix

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations⁽¹⁾

S&P FFO/Debt⁽²⁾ =

FFO (a) Adjusted Debt (b)

S&P FFO Calculation⁽²⁾

GAAP Operating Income

+ Depreciation & Amortization

- = EBITDA
- Interest
- +/- Cash Taxes
- + Nuclear Fuel Amortization
- +/- Mark-to-Market Adjustments (Economic Hedges)
- +/- Other S&P Adjustments
- = FFO (a)

S&P Adjusted Debt⁽¹⁾

Long-Term Debt

+ Short-Term Debt

- + Purchase Power Agreement and Operating Lease Imputed Debt
- + Pension/OPEB Imputed Debt (after-tax)
- + AR Securitization Imputed Debt
- Off-Credit Treatment of Non-Recourse Debt
- Cash on Balance Sheet
- +/- Other S&P Adjustments
- = Adjusted Debt (b)

Moody's CFO Pre-WC/Debt⁽³⁾ =

CFO (Pre-WC) (c) Adjusted Debt (d)

Moody's CFO Pre-WC Calculation⁽³⁾

Cash Flow From Operations +/- Working Capital Adjustment - Nuclear Fuel Capital Expenditures +/- Other Moody's CFO Adjustments = CFO Pre-Working Capital (c)

Moody's Adjusted Debt Calculation

Long-Term Debt + Short-Term Debt + Underfunded Pension (pre-tax) +Operating Lease Imputed Debt +/- Other Moody's Debt Adjustments

= Adjusted Debt (d)

Due to the forward-looking nature of some forecasted non-GAAP measures, information to reconcile the forecasted adjusted (non-GAAP) measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure may not be currently available; therefore, management is unable to reconcile these measures
 Calculated using S&P Methodology

Constellation.

(3) Calculated using Moody's Methodology

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations⁽¹⁾

Debt / EBITDA =

Net Debt (a) Adjusted EBITDA* (b)

Net Debt Calculation

Long-Term Debt (including current maturities)

- + Short-Term Debt
- Cash on Balance Sheet
- = Net Debt (a)

Adjusted EBITDA Calculation

GAAP Operating Income + Depreciation & Amortization

= EBITDA

+/- GAAP to Operating Adjustments

= Adjusted EBITDA* (b)

Debt/EBITDA Excluding Non-Recourse

Net Debt (c)

Adjusted EBITDA* (d)

Net Debt Calculation Excluding Non-Recourse

Long-Term Debt (including current maturities)

- + Short-Term Debt
- Cash on Balance Sheet
- Non-Recourse Debt
- = Net Debt Excluding Non-Recourse (c)

Adjusted EBITDA Calculation Excluding Non-Recourse

- GAAP Operating Income
- + Depreciation & Amortization
- = EBITDA
- +/- GAAP to Operating Adjustments
- EBITDA from Projects Financed by Non-Recourse Debt
- = Adjusted EBITDA* Excluding Non-Recourse Debt (d)

(1) Due to the forward-looking nature of some forecasted non-GAAP measures, information to reconcile the forecasted adjusted (non-GAAP) measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure may not be currently available; therefore, management is unable to reconcile these measures



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Adjusted EBITDA* Reconciliation (in \$M) ⁽¹⁾	2022
GAAP Net Income	\$250 - \$550
Income Tax Expense	\$125
Interest Expense	\$275
Depreciation and Amortization	\$1,100
Pension and OPEB Non-Service Costs	\$(100)
Mark-to-Market Impact from Economic Hedging Activities	\$525
ERP System Implementation	\$25
Separation Costs	\$150
Decommissioning Related Activity ⁽²⁾	\$50
Adjusted EBITDA* (Non-GAAP)	\$2,350 - \$2,750



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Free Cash Flow before Growth* (in \$M) ⁽¹⁾	2022 - 2023
Adjusted Cash Flows from Operations* (Non-GAAP) ⁽²⁾	\$5,550 - \$5,950
Base and Nuclear Fuel Capital Expenditures ⁽³⁾	\$(3,100)
Reinvestment in Nuclear Decommissioning Trust Funds ⁽⁴⁾	\$(550)
Collateral activity	\$600
O&M related to Separation and ERP System Implementation	\$200
Other Net Investing Activities	\$150
Free Cash Flow before Growth*	\$2,800 - \$3,200

Note: Items may not sum due to rounding
(1) All amounts rounded to the nearest \$50M
(2) Includes Collection of Deferred Purchase Price (DPP) related to the revolving accounts receivable arrangement, which is presented in cash flows from investing activities for GAAP. Cash flows from collection of DPP are not forecasted.
(3) Includes \$275M of deferred capital expenditures shown on page 64
(4) Reflects reinvestment of proceeds from nuclear decommissioning trust funds that are presented in Adjusted Cash Flows from Operations*. Impact is cash flow neutral.



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Adjusted O&M* Reconciliation (\$M) ^(1,2)	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
GAAP O&M	\$6,350	\$5,475	\$4,725	\$5,150	\$4,600	\$5,000	\$5,050	\$5,000
Decommissioning ⁽³⁾	\$(200)	\$(200)	-	\$(200)	\$(125)	\$(175)	\$(200)	\$(200)
Plant Retirements and Divestitures ⁽⁴⁾	\$(100)	\$(100)	-	\$(475)	\$575	-	_	-
Asset Impairments ⁽⁵⁾	\$(450)	-	-	-	\$(525)	-	-	-
Direct cost of sales incurred to generate revenues for certain Commercial and Power businesses ⁽⁶⁾	\$(450)	\$(250)	\$(275)	\$(225)	\$(275)	\$(300)	\$(275)	\$(300)
Separation costs	-	-	-	-	\$(50)	\$(150)	\$(50)	-
ERP System Implementation	-	_	_	-	_	\$(25)	\$(25)	-
Pension and OPEB Non-Service Costs ⁽⁷⁾	\$(25)	-	\$50	\$50	\$50	-		-
Other	\$(150)	\$(125)	\$(75)	\$(125)	\$(100)	-		_
Adjusted O&M* (Non-GAAP)	\$4,975	\$4,775	\$4,400	\$4,225	\$4,150	\$4,375	\$4,475	\$4,475

Note: Items may not sum due to rounding

(1) All amounts rounded to the nearest \$25M. 2021 adjusted O&M* is estimated based on November 30, 2021 forecasts. Actual results may vary.

- (2) Reflects CENG at 100% ownership in all years
- (3) Includes earnings neutral O&M and accretion of asset retirement obligation on unregulated units; 2019 includes ARO update for TMI
- (4) Reflects retirements of TMI in 2017 and Oyster Creek in 2018. 2020 includes (\$500M) of impairment and (\$25M) of one-time charges associated with retirement of Mystic 8/9. 2020 and 2021 include \$325M and \$500M, respectively, of accelerated earnings neutral O&M associated with the decision to early retire Byron and Dresden that cannot be reversed. The remaining amount primarily reflects the reversal of one-time charges resulting from the previous decision to retire Byron and Dresden.
- (5) 2017 reflects an impairment of EGTP, 2021 reflects an impairment in the New England asset group, an impairment recorded as a result of the agreement to sell the Albany Green Energy biomass facility, and an impairment of a wind project
- (6) Reflects the direct cost of sales of certain businesses, which are included in Total Gross Margin*

(7) Reflects impact from reclassing pension non-service costs from O&M to Other, Net consistent with future GAAP classification post-separation. Impact is earnings neutral.

