



Earnings Conference Call First Quarter 2023

May 4, 2023

Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Words such as "could," "may," "expects," "anticipates," "will," "targets," "goals," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "predicts," and variations on such words, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and operational, economic, and financial performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements.

The factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made by Constellation Energy Corporation and Constellation Energy Generation, LLC, (Registrants) include those factors discussed herein, as well as the items discussed in (1) the Registrants' 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K in (a) Part I, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part II, ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, (c) Part II, ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data: Note 19, Commitments and Contingencies; (2) the Registrants' First Quarter 2023 Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (to be filed on May 4, 2023) in (a) Part II, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part I, ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (c) Part I, ITEM 1. Financial Statements: Note 12, Commitments and Contingencies; and (d) other factors discussed in filings with the SEC by the Registrants.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, which apply only as of the date of this presentation. Neither Registrant undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this presentation.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Registrants report their financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Constellation supplements the reporting of financial information determined in accordance with GAAP with certain non-GAAP financial measures, including:

- Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and excludes certain costs, expenses, gains and losses and other specified items, including mark-to-market adjustments from economic hedging activities and fair value adjustments related to gas imbalances and equity investments, decommissioning related activity, asset impairments, certain amounts associated with plant retirements and divestitures, pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) non-service credits, separation related costs and other items as set forth in the Appendix. Includes nuclear fuel amortization expense.
- **Adjusted cash flows from operations** primarily includes net cash flows from operating activities and Collection of Deferred Purchase Price (DPP) related to the revolving accounts receivable arrangement, which is presented in cash flows from investing activities under GAAP
- Free cash flows before growth (FCFbg) is adjusted cash flows from operations less capital expenditures under GAAP for maintenance and nuclear fuel, non-recurring capital expenditures related to separation and Enterprise Resource Program (ERP) system implementation, changes in collateral, net merger and acquisitions, and equity investments and other items as set forth in the Appendix
- **Adjusted operating revenues** excludes the mark-to-market impact of economic hedging activities due to the volatility and unpredictability of the future changes in commodity prices
- Adjusted purchased power and fuel excludes the mark-to-market impact of economic hedging activities and fair value adjustments related to gas imbalances due to the volatility and unpredictability of the future changes in commodity prices
- **Total gross margin** is defined as adjusted operating revenues less adjusted purchased power and fuel expense, excluding revenue related to decommissioning, gross receipts tax, production tax credits (PTCs), variable interest entities, and net of direct cost of sales for certain end-user businesses
- Adjusted operating and maintenance (O&M) excludes direct cost of sales for certain end-user businesses, Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) accretion expense from unregulated units and decommissioning costs that do not affect profit and loss, the impact from operating and maintenance expense related to variable interest entities at Constellation, and other items as set forth in the reconciliation in the Appendix

Due to the forward-looking nature of some forecasted non-GAAP measures, information to reconcile the forecasted adjusted (non-GAAP) measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure may not be available, as management is unable to project all of these items for future periods



Non-GAAP Financial Measures Continued

This information is intended to enhance an investor's overall understanding of period over period financial results and provide an indication of Constellation's baseline operating performance by excluding items that are considered by management to be not directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. In addition, this information is among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for evaluating performance, allocating resources, setting incentive compensation targets and planning and forecasting of future periods.

These non-GAAP financial measures are not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations of similarly titled financial measures. Constellation has provided these non-GAAP financial measures as supplemental information and in addition to the financial measures that are calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP measures should not be deemed more useful than, a substitute for, or an alternative to the most comparable GAAP measures provided in the materials presented.

Non-GAAP financial measures are identified by the phrase "non-GAAP" or an asterisk (*). Reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP measures are provided in the appendices and attachments to this presentation, except for the reconciliation for total gross margin*, which appears on slide 25 of this presentation.



Constellation is Uniquely Positioned to Create Value for Shareholders

Unmatched, Premium Assets in the U.S.

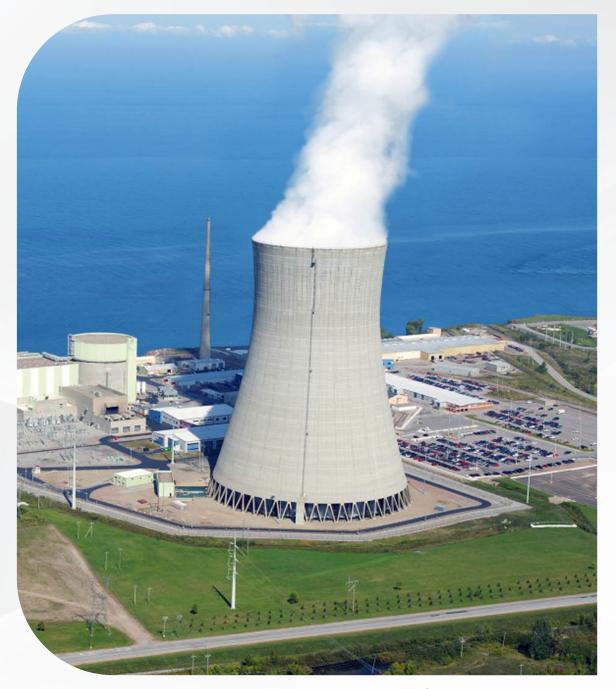
- Best-in-class nuclear operations
- · Largest producer of carbon-free, clean electricity
- Largest provider of electricity to C&I customers

Beneficiary of Inflation Reduction Act

- Downside commodity price risk protected by U.S. government, while preserving ability to capture commodity price upside
- Production Tax Credit (PTC) grows with inflation
- Supports growth opportunities that will help decarbonize the U.S. including nuclear uprates, clean hydrogen and wind repowering
- Extends horizon of our clean, carbon-free nuclear fleet to 80 years

Growing Value for Shareholders

- Strong free cash flow generation allows for:
 - Robust organic growth at compelling double-digit unlevered returns
 - Growth from M&A
 - Share repurchases
 - Dividend growth





Strong Operations Deliver Reliable and Affordable Carbon-Free Power



Best-in-Class Nuclear Operations (1,2)

- Nuclear Capacity Factor: 92.8%
- Owned and operated production of 40.3 TWhs
- Completed three refueling outages (RFOs) in Q1. Average refueling outage duration of completed outages in Q1 is less than 21 days.



Strong Performance Across Our Renewable and Natural Gas Fleet (3)

- Renewable Energy Capture: 96.6%
- Power Dispatch Match: 98.4%

Historical Nuclear Fleet Capacity Factor (1)



Generated ~43.8 TWhs of carbon-free electricity, which avoided ~31.0 million metric tons of carbon dioxide; equivalent to over 6.9 million passenger vehicles being removed for one year (4)

⁽⁴⁾ Carbon-free electricity reflected at ownership. Measured using the EPA Greenhouse Gas Emissions calculator https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator.



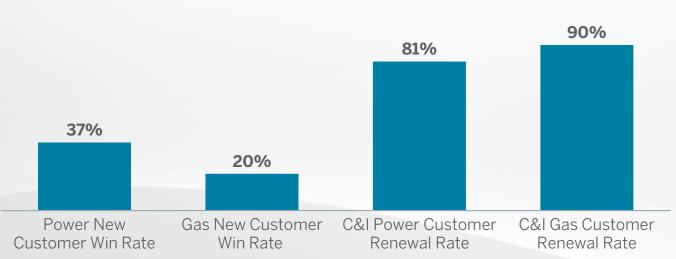
⁽¹⁾ Salem is not included in operational metrics (outage days, capacity factor and generation). Nuclear operations prior to Q3 2021 reflect our 50.01% ownership share of the CENG Joint Venture. Reflects 100% ownership of CENG beginning August 7, 2021.

⁽²⁾ Capacity factors reflect net monthly mean methodology. Capacity factors for periods in prior years may not tie to previous earnings presentations due to change in methodology for comparison purposes, however full year reported capacity factors are not impacted.

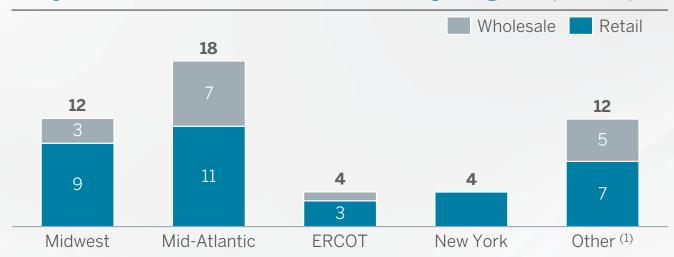
⁽³⁾ Reflects a change to include the Conowingo run-of-river hydroelectric operational performance within renewable energy capture and removes the performance from dispatch match

Attractive Market Conditions Driving Strong Commercial Business Results

Leading Customer Operational Metrics (TTM)



Q1 2023 Electric Load Served by Region (TWhs)



Our Experience and Capabilities Deliver Value to Our Customers and for Our Shareholders

Strong platform creates opportunities to help customers manage volatile energy markets

Successful load auctions

Volatility supports expanding customer margins

Comprehensive suite of products tailored to meet our customers' evolving needs



Q1 2023 Adjusted EBITDA* Financial Results



Quarter Results Exceeded Plan

- Strong wholesale and retail performance with margin expansion
- Successful optimization of the portfolio to capture benefits from volatility
- Estimate of net performance benefit from Winter Storm Elliott increased from \$109 million (at Q4) to \$148 million driven by additional clarity and invoicing from PJM

Expect to be in top half of Adjusted EBITDA* guidance range of \$2,900M - \$3,300M



Gross Margin* Update

	<u>march s</u>	<u>31, 2023</u>	Change from Dec	<u>cember 31, 2022</u>
Gross Margin* Category (\$M) (1)	2023	2024	2023	2024
Open Gross Margin* (including South, West, New England, Canada hedged gross margin)	\$4,500	\$5,550	(\$2,500)	(\$850)
Contracted Revenues (Capacity, ZEC and IL CMC Plant Revenues) (2)	\$2,850	\$2,750	\$50	-
Mark-to-Market of Hedges (3)	\$450	(\$200)	\$2,750	\$850
Power New Business / To Go	\$200	\$300	(\$200)	-
Non-Power Margins Executed	\$350	\$300	\$100	\$100
Non-Power New Business / To Go	\$100	\$250	(\$100)	(\$100)
Total Gross Margin* (4)	\$8,450	\$8,950	\$100	-
Nuclear PTC Value For Plants Not Supported By State Programs (4,5)	N/A	\$100	N/A	\$100
Total Gross Margin* + PTC (4,5)	\$8,450	\$9,050	\$100	\$100
		•		

March 21 2022

Key Messages

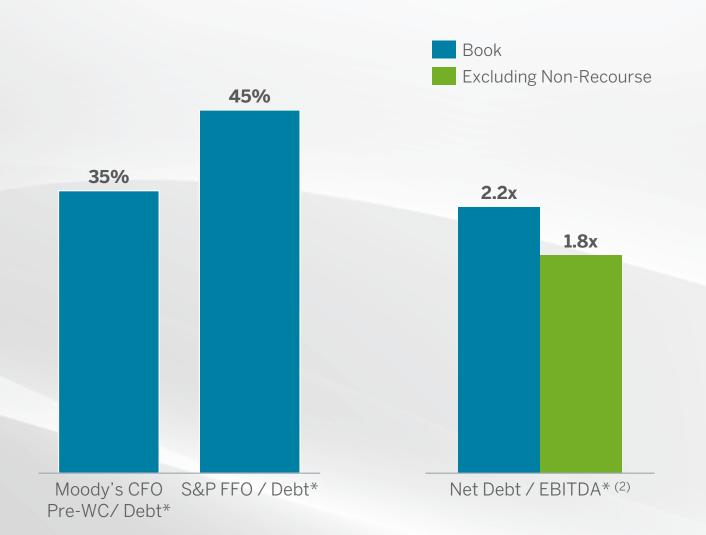
- Gross margin for 2023 increased by \$100M, reflecting stronger execution and new business creation at Commercial as well as increased PJM performance bonus payments
- Gross margin + PTC for 2024 increased by \$100M, reflecting strong new business creation at Commercial and PTC support largely offsetting the decline in forward power prices
- PTC value reflects credits attributable to the four plants not supported by state programs and assumes gross receipts are determined using spot prices
- (1) Gross margin* categories rounded to nearest \$50M
- (2) Includes gross margin* and CMC payments for CMC plants
- (3) Mark-to-Market of Hedges assumes mid-point of hedge percentages
- (4) Based on March 31, 2023, market conditions
- (5) Plants included in PTC value are Calvert Cliffs, LaSalle, Limerick and Peach Bottom



Change from December 21, 2022

Financing and Liquidity Update

2023E Credit Metrics (1)



Current Credit Ratings

Moody's	Baa2; stable outlook
S&P	BBB; positive outlook

Share Repurchase Initiated

Of our \$1 billion share repurchase program authorized in February, we repurchased ~\$250 million, or ~3.2 million shares, in March



⁽¹⁾ Credit metrics forecast as of Fourth Quarter 2022 Earnings Conference Call disclosure

Constellation's Value Proposition



Enduring Businesses Ready to Meet the Climate Crisis

- World-Class nuclear operator and largest generator of 24/7 carbon-free firm electricity with ability to extend asset lives
- Largest provider of energy and solutions to commercial and industrial customers
- Strong advocate for, and ideally situated to benefit from, energy policies that drive the transition to carbon-free energy

Delivering Value for Our Shareholders

- Strong free cash flows, optimized through industry-leading operations, support of carbon-free energy and focus on costs
- Disciplined capital allocation strategy supports strong investment grade balance sheet, growth investment consistent with corporate strategy, and return of capital to owners

Premier ESG Company

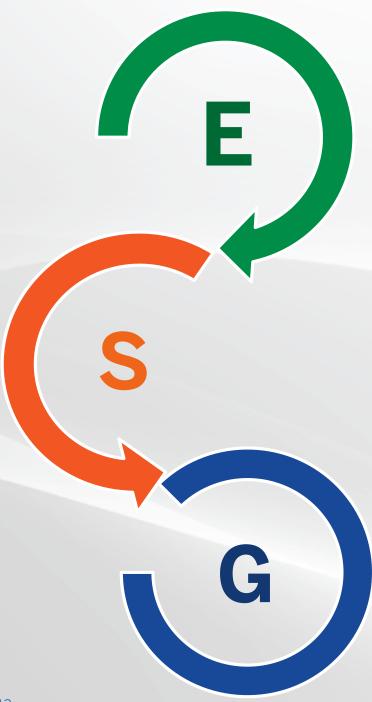
- ~90% carbon-free energy growing to 100% carbon-free by 2040
- Committed to advancing diversity, equity and inclusion in our workplace and communities
- Maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance



Additional Disclosures



Constellation's ESG Strategy



Environmental:

- Clean Energy Leadership: Continue to be the cleanest supplier of power in the U.S. and maintain leadership through our climate commitment to own 100% carbon-free generation by 2040.
- **Investing in a Clean Energy Economy:** Leverage our platform to impact customers through enabling new clean energy products and services and providing our customers with an accounting of their carbon emissions and ways to reduce their carbon footprint.
- **Protecting the Environment:** Minimize the impacts of our operations on local air quality, water resources and biodiversity through robust environmental programs.

Social:

- **DEI:** Foster a culture of innovation and deliver strong performance by prioritizing a respectful workplace, ensuring a sense of belonging, providing opportunities for growth, attracting and retaining passionate and talented people, and integrating diversity as a business imperative and core value.
- **Supplier Diversity:** Increase diverse supplier spend by expanding Constellation Diverse Business Empowerment strategy internally and externally with supplier diversity councils and other stakeholders.
- **Community Engagement:** Act as a catalyst for positive change in our community, with a focus on employee giving and volunteerism and equity through STEM, scholarships, and workforce development opportunities.

Governance:

- **Board & Executive Governance:** Provide effective leadership and guidance to drive our sustainability efforts and deliver on our purpose to accelerate the transition to a carbon-free future.
- Act with Integrity: Maintain a comprehensive ethics and compliance program that can adapt to the changing risks we face and guide us as we deliver on our purpose.



Constellation's Climate Commitment

100%

Of our owned generation will be carbon-free by 2040

100%

Reduction of our operationsdriven emissions by 2040 (1) 100%

Of C&I customers provided with specific information about how to meet GHG reduction goals

✓ Clean Energy Supply:

- Clean Electricity Supply: We commit that our owned generation supply will be 100% carbon-free by 2040; with an interim goal of 95% carbon-free by 2030 subject to policy support and technology advancements.
- Operational Emissions Reduction Goal: We aspire to reduce operations driven emissions by 100% by 2040 subject to technology and policy advancement
 - Interim target to reduce carbon emissions by 65% from 2020 levels by 2030
 - Constellation commits to reducing methane emissions 30% from 2020 levels by 2030, aligned with the Administration's global methane pledge
- Supply Chain Engagement: Partner with our key energy suppliers on their GHG emissions and climate adaptation strategies

✓ Clean Customer Transformation:

- Provided 100% of C&I customers with customer-specific information on their GHG impact for facilities contracting for power and gas supply from Constellation including mitigation opportunities that include 24/7 clean electric use
- Commit to support reductions in customers' gas emissions and a transition to low carbon fuels

√ Technology Enablement and Commercialization:

Commit to enable the future technologies and business models needed to drive the clean energy economy to improve the health and welfare
of communities through venture investing and R&D. We will target 25% of these investments to minority and women led businesses and will
require investment recipients to disclose how they engage in equitable employment and contracting practices, using performance as a factor when
considering investments

Q1 2023 Adjusted EBITDA*

(\$M)



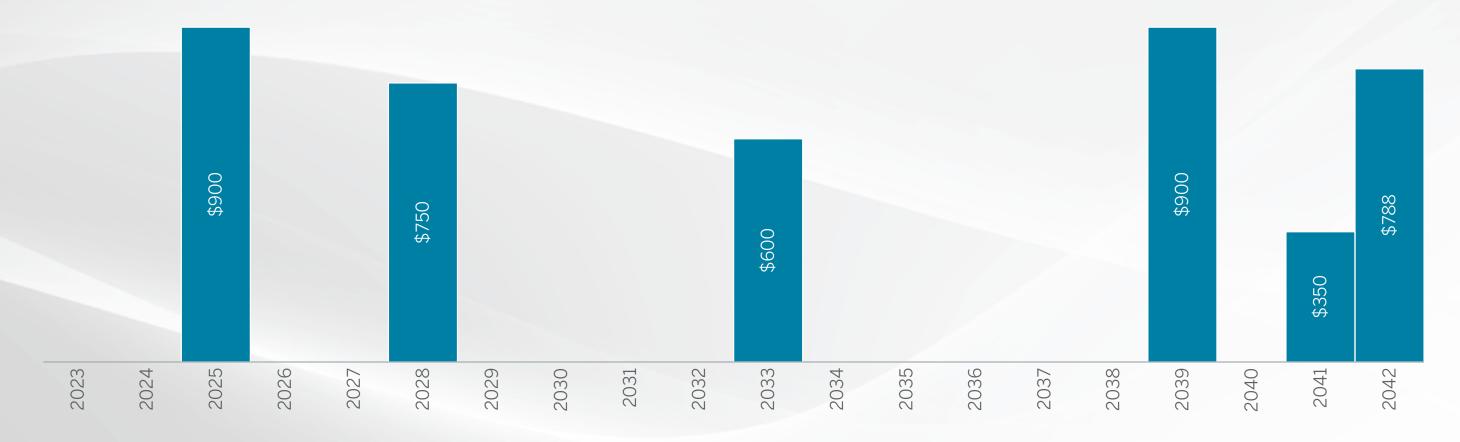


Long-Term Debt Maturity Profile (1,2)

As of 3/31/2023

(\$M)

Long-Term Debt Balances (2,3)				
Recourse	\$4.3B			
Non-Recourse	\$1.6B			
Total Long-Term Debt	\$5.9B			



Note: Items may not sum due to rounding

(2) Excludes the \$435 million tax-exempt bonds issued on April 3, 2023

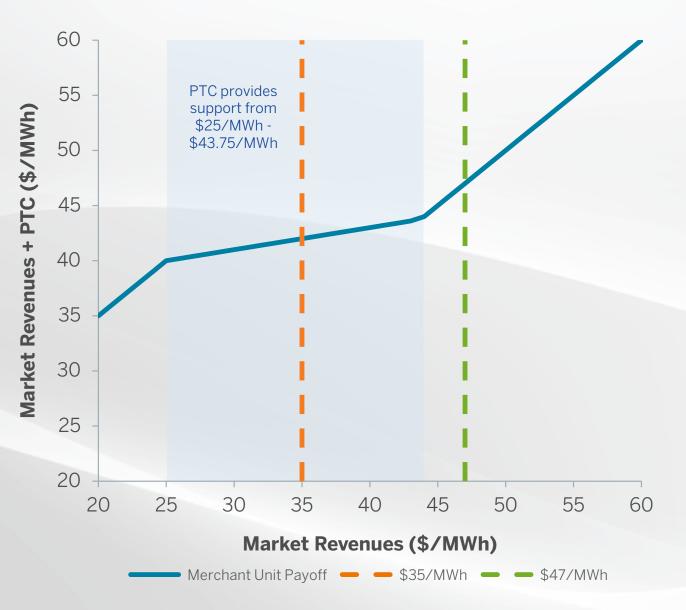


⁽¹⁾ Maturity profile excludes non-recourse debt, P-Cap facility, securitized debt, capital leases, fair value adjustments, unamortized debt issuance costs and unamortized discount/premium

⁽³⁾ Long-term debt balances reflect Q1 2023 Form 10-Q GAAP financials, which include items listed in footnote 1 except for the P-Cap facility

PTC Provides Support for Nuclear Units When Revenues Fall Below \$43.75/MWh

Illustrative Payoff Dynamics for Non-State-Supported Units in 2024



- The PTC provides support of up to \$15.00/MWh for units when revenues are between \$25.00/MWh and \$43.75/MWh while preserving the ability of the unit to participate in upside from commodity markets
- The green line assumes revenues of \$47.00/MWh and since it is above the \$43.75/MWh PTC phase out units would not receive PTC value
- When revenues fall below the \$43.75/MWh phase out, the PTC will provide support for the units
- Assuming revenues of \$35.00/MWh, the orange line, we would expect units to receive \$7.00/MWh PTC, bringing the total value the unit would receive to \$42.00/MWh



Inflation of Nuclear Production Tax Credit (PTC) (1)

PTC Overview

Example Assuming 2%, 3% and 4% Inflation (2)

- The PTC is in effect beginning after 12/31/23 and through 12/31/32
- In the base year 2024, Constellation qualifies for the nuclear PTC up to \$15.00/MWh; the PTC amount is reduced by 80% of gross receipts exceeding \$25.00/MWh, phasing out completely after \$43.75/MWh
- The nuclear PTC can be credited against taxes or monetized through sale to an unrelated taxpayer

PTC Inflation Adjustment

• Starting in 2025, the maximum PTC and gross receipts threshold are subject to an inflation adjustment based on the GDP price deflator for the preceding calendar year:

Inflation Adjustment = GDP price deflator in preceeding year GDP price deflator in 2023

 Maximum PTC is rounded to nearest \$2.50/MWh and gross receipts threshold is rounded to nearest \$1.00/MWh

	20	% I	nflatio	n	ı	3% Inflation			4% Inflation								
	ximum PTC	Re	Gross eceipts reshold	Power Price At Which PTC=\$0			ximum PTC	Re	Gross ceipts reshold	Pr V	Power rice At Which FC=\$0		ximum PTC	Re	Gross ceipts reshold	Pri W	ower ice At /hich 'C=\$0
2024	\$ 15.00	\$	25.00	\$ 43.75		\$	15.00	\$	25.00	\$	43.75	\$	15.00	\$	25.00	\$	43.75
2025	\$ 15.00	\$	26.00	\$ 44.75		\$	15.00	\$	26.00	\$	44.75	\$	15.00	\$	26.00	\$	44.75
2026	\$ 15.00	\$	26.00	\$ 44.75		\$	15.00	\$	27.00	\$	45.75	\$	15.00	\$	27.00	\$	45.75
2027	\$ 15.00	\$	27.00	\$ 45.75		\$	17.50	\$	27.00	\$	48.88	\$	17.50	\$	28.00	\$	49.88
2028	\$ 15.00	\$	27.00	\$ 45.75		\$	17.50	\$	28.00	\$	49.88	\$	17.50	\$	29.00	\$	50.88
2029	\$ 17.50	\$	28.00	\$ 49.88		\$	17.50	\$	29.00	\$	50.88	\$	17.50	\$	30.00	\$	51.88
2030	\$ 17.50	\$	28.00	\$ 49.88		\$	17.50	\$	30.00	\$	51.88	\$	20.00	\$	32.00	\$	57.00
2031	\$ 17.50	\$	29.00	\$ 50.88		\$	17.50	\$	31.00	\$	52.88	\$	20.00	\$	33.00	\$	58.00
2032	\$ 17.50	\$	29.00	\$ 50.88		\$	20.00	\$	32.00	\$	57.00	\$	20.00	\$	34.00	\$	59.00



⁽¹⁾ See H.R. 5376 for additional details; all numbers assume that prevailing wage requirements are satisfied

⁽²⁾ Annual inflation adjustment is consistent with past published guidance for renewable energy credits, published annually

Commercial Disclosures

March 31, 2023



Components of Gross Margin* Categories

Gross margin* linked to power production and sales

Open Gross Margin*

- •Generation Gross
 Margin* at current
 market prices, including
 ancillary revenues,
 nuclear fuel
 amortization and fuel
 expense
- •Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) Costs and Revenues
- •Provided at a consolidated level for all regions (includes hedged gross margin* for South, West, New England and Canada (1))

Contracted Revenues

- •Expected contracted revenues from CMC payments to eligible IL plants
- •Expected capacity revenues for generation of electricity
- •Expected revenues from Zero Emissions Credits (ZEC)

MtM of Hedges (2)

- Mark-to-Market
 (MtM) of power,
 capacity and ancillary
 hedges, including
 cross commodity,
 retail and wholesale
 load transactions
- •Provided directly at a consolidated level for four major regions. Provided indirectly for each of the four major regions via Effective Realized Energy Price (EREP), reference price, hedge %, and expected generation.

"Power" New Business

- •Retail, Wholesale planned electric sales
- Portfolio
 Management new business
- •Mid marketing new business

Gross margin* from other business activities

"Non Power" Executed

- •Retail, Wholesale executed gas sales
- •Energy Efficiency (3)
- •Constellation Home (3)

"Non Power" New Business

- •Retail, Wholesale planned gas sales
- •Energy Efficiency (3)
- •Constellation Home (3)
- Portfolio
 Management /
 origination fuels new
 business
- •Proprietary trading (4)

Margins move from new business to MtM of hedges over the course of the year as sales are executed (5)

Margins move from "Non power new business" to "Non power executed" over the course of the year

(3) Gross margin* for these businesses are net of direct "cost of sales"

(5) Margins for South, West, New England & Canada regions and optimization of fuel and PPA activities captured in Open Gross Margin*



⁽¹⁾ Hedged gross margins* for South, West, New England & Canada region will be included with Open Gross Margin*; no expected generation, hedge %, EREP or reference prices provided for these regions

⁽²⁾ MtM of hedges provided directly for the four larger regions; MtM of hedges is not provided directly at the regional level but can be easily estimated using EREP, reference price and hedged MWh

⁽⁴⁾ Proprietary trading gross margins* will generally remain within the "Non Power" New Business category and only move to the "Non Power" Executed category upon management discretion

Gross Margin*

	March 3	<u>31, 2023</u>	Change from December 31, 2		
Gross Margin Category (\$M) (1)	2023	2024	2023	2024	
Open Gross Margin					
(including South, West, New England & Canada hedged GM)*	\$4,500	\$5,550	(\$2,500)	(\$850)	
Contracted Revenues (Capacity, ZEC and IL CMC Plant Revenues) (2)	\$2,850	\$2,750	\$50	-	
Mark-to-Market of Hedges (3)	\$450	(\$200)	\$2,750	\$850	
Power New Business / To Go	\$200	\$300	(\$200)	-	
Non-Power Margins Executed	\$350	\$300	\$100	\$100	
Non-Power New Business / To Go	\$100	\$250	(\$100)	(\$100)	
Total Gross Margin* (4)	\$8,450	\$8,950	\$100	-	
Nuclear PTC Value for Plants Not Supported By State Programs (4,5)	N/A	\$100	N/A	\$100	
Total Gross Margin* + PTC (4,5)	\$8,450	\$9,050	\$100	\$100	
Reference Prices (4)	2023	2024	2023	2024	
Henry Hub Natural Gas (\$/MMBtu)	\$2.73	\$3.63	(\$1.53)	(\$0.64)	
Midwest: NiHub ATC prices (\$/MWh)	\$31.08	\$40.52	(\$18.74)	(\$7.01)	
Mid-Atlantic: PJM-W ATC prices (\$/MWh)	\$36.43	\$47.34	(\$24.75)	(\$11.00)	
ERCOT-N ATC Spark Spread (\$/MWh) HSC Gas, 7.2HR, \$2.50 VOM	\$15.97	\$15.33	(\$4.33)	(\$1.37)	
New York: NY Zone A (\$/MWh)	\$27.46	\$36.66	(\$13.81)	(\$1.86)	



Gross margin* categories rounded to nearest \$50M
 Includes gross margin* and CMC payments for CMC plants
 Mark-to-Market of Hedges assumes mid-point of hedge percentages
 Based on March 31, 2023, market conditions

⁽⁵⁾ Plants included in PTC value are Calvert Cliffs, LaSalle, Limerick and Peach Bottom

Generation and Hedges

March 3	<u>81, 2023</u>	Change from December 31, 2022		
2023	2024	2023	2024	
196,800	198,500	300	300	
95,600	96,400	100	-	
41,200	42,300	(100)	-	
54,700	56,300	(100)	(100)	
20,800	20,500	400	400	
25,700	25,300	(100)	-	
95%-98%	77%-80%	(1%) - 2%	1%-4%	
96%-99%	84%-87%	(1%) - 2%	0% - 3%	
93%-96%	64%-67%	0% - 3%	0% - 3%	
98%-101%	72%-75%	(4%) - (1%)	(2%) - 1%	
88%-91%	63%-66%	(4%) - (1%)	1% - 4%	
89%-92%	70%-73%	8% - 11%	9% - 12%	
\$32.00	\$37.50	\$2.50	\$2.00	
\$46.50	\$46.50	-	\$1.50	
\$10.50	\$11.50	\$4.50	\$2.50	
\$25.00	\$35.50	\$3.50	\$2.50	
	2023 196,800 95,600 41,200 54,700 20,800 25,700 95%-98% 96%-99% 93%-96% 98%-101% 88%-91% 89%-92% \$32.00 \$46.50 \$10.50	196,800 198,500 95,600 96,400 41,200 42,300 54,700 56,300 20,800 20,500 25,700 25,300 95%-98% 77%-80% 96%-99% 84%-87% 93%-96% 64%-67% 98%-101% 72%-75% 88%-91% 63%-66% 89%-92% 70%-73% \$32.00 \$37.50 \$46.50 \$46.50 \$10.50 \$11.50	2023 2024 2023 196,800 198,500 300 95,600 96,400 100 41,200 42,300 (100) 54,700 56,300 (100) 20,800 20,500 400 25,700 25,300 (100) 95%-98% 77%-80% (1%) - 2% 93%-96% 64%-87% (1%) - 2% 93%-96% 64%-67% 0% - 3% 98%-101% 72%-75% (4%) - (1%) 88%-91% 63%-66% (4%) - (1%) 89%-92% 70%-73% 8% - 11% \$32.00 \$37.50 \$2.50 \$46.50 \$46.50 - \$10.50 \$11.50 \$4.50	

⁽¹⁾ Expected generation is the volume of energy that best represents our commodity position in energy markets from owned or contracted for capacity based upon a simulated dispatch model that makes assumptions regarding future market conditions, which are calibrated to market quotes for power, fuel, load following products, and options. Expected generation assumes 14 refueling outages in 2023 and 13 in 2024 at Constellation-operated nuclear plants and Salem. Expected generation assumes capacity factors of 94.1% and 94.2% in 2023 and 2024, respectively at Constellation-operated nuclear plants, at ownership. These estimates of expected generation in 2023 and 2024 do not represent guidance or a forecast of future results as we have not completed its planning or optimization processes for those years.

(2) Midwest (Total) expected generation includes generation from CMC plants of 54,400 GWh in 2023 and 54,100 GWh in 2024

(3) Percent of expected generation hedged is the amount of equivalent sales divided by expected generation. It includes all hedging products, such as wholesale and retail sales of power, options and swaps. The Midwest values in the table reflect IL plants receiving CMC payments as 100% hedged. To align with the Midwest EREP, however, one should exclude plant and hedge volumes associated with CMC payments. New York values include the effect of the New York ZEC.

(4) Effective realized energy price is representative of an all-in hedged price, on a per MWh basis, at which expected generation has been hedged. It is developed by considering the energy revenues and costs associated with our hedges and by considering the natural gas that has been purchased to lock in margin. It excludes uranium costs, RPM capacity, ZEC and CMC revenues, but includes the mark-to-market value of capacity contracted at prices other than RPM clearing prices including our load obligations. It can be compared with the reference prices used to calculate open gross margin* in order to determine the mark-to-market value of Constellation's energy hedges.

(5) Spark spreads shown for ERCOT



Sensitivities

		Gross N	Margin*			alue For Plants Not State Programs ⁽³⁾
	March 3	<u>31, 2023</u>	_	r 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	Change from December 31, 2022
Sensitivities - with existing hedges (\$M) (1,2)	2023	2024	2023	2024	2024	2024
NiHub ATC Energy Price						
+ \$5.00/MWh	(\$5)	\$55	(\$5)	(\$10)	(\$60)	(\$60)
- \$5.00/MWh	\$5	(\$55)	\$5	\$10	\$75	\$45
PJM-W ATC Energy Price						
+ \$5.00/MWh	(\$5)	\$70	(\$5)	\$10	(\$40)	(\$40)
- \$5.00/MWh	\$5	(\$70)	\$5	(\$10)	\$115	\$115
NYPP Zone A ATC Energy Price						
+ \$5.00/MWh	\$10	\$30	(\$10)	(\$25)	-	-
- \$5.00/MWh	(\$10)	(\$30)	\$10	\$25		
Nuclear Capacity Factor						
+/-1%	+/- \$40	+/- \$55	\$(25)	\$(10)	-	-

⁽²⁾ Based on March 31, 2023, market conditions and hedged position; power price sensitivities are derived by adjusting the power price assumption while keeping all other price inputs constant; due to correlation of the various assumptions, the hedged gross margin* impact calculated by aggregating individual sensitivities may not be equal to the hedged gross margin* impact due to correlation of the various assumptions, the hedged gross margin* impact calculated by aggregating individual sensitivities may not be equal to the reages given many not be equal to the reages given may not be equal to the reag





⁽¹⁾ Sensitivities rounded to the nearest \$5M

Illustrative Example of Modeling 2024 Total Gross Margin*

Row	ltem	Midwest (Excl. CMCs) (2)	Mid-Atlantic	ERCOT (3)	New York
(A)	Start with fleet-wide open gross margin*	4	\$5.55	oillion ———	—
(B)	Contracted Revenues	4	\$2.751	oillion —	
(C)	Expected Generation (TWh)	42.3	56.3	20.5	25.3
(D)	Hedge % (assuming mid-point of range)	65.5%	73.5%	64.5%	71.5%
(E=C*D)	Hedged Volume (TWh)	27.7	41.4	13.2	18.1
(F)	Effective Realized Energy Price (\$/MWh)	\$37.50	\$46.50	\$11.50	\$35.50
(G)	Reference Price (\$/MWh)	\$40.52	\$47.34	\$15.33	\$36.66
(H=F-G)	Difference (\$/MWh)	(\$3.02)	(\$0.84)	(\$3.83)	(\$1.16)
(I=E*H)	Mark-to-Market value of hedges (\$ million) (1)	(\$85)	(\$35)	(\$50)	(\$20)
(J=A+B+I)	Hedged Gross Margin* (\$ million)		\$8,1	.00	
(K)	Power New Business / To Go (\$ million)		\$30	00	
(L)	Non-Power Margins Executed (\$ million)		\$30	00	
(M)	Non-Power New Business / To Go (\$ million)		\$25	50	
(N=J+K+L+M)	Total Gross Margin [*]		\$8,950	million	
(0)	Nuclear PTC Value For Plants Not Supported By State Programs (4)		\$10	00	
(P=N+O)	Total Gross Margin* + Nuclear PTC (4)		\$9,050	million	

⁽¹⁾ Mark-to-market rounded to the nearest \$5M



⁽²⁾ Uses the Midwest hedge ratio that excludes the CMC plant volume and hedges

⁽³⁾ Spark spreads shown for ERCOT

⁽⁴⁾ Plants included in PTC value are Calvert Cliffs, LaSalle, Limerick and Peach Bottom

Additional Constellation Modeling Data

Total Gross Margin* Reconciliation (\$M) (1)	2023	2024
Adjusted Operating Revenues* (2)	\$28,175	\$31,825
Adjusted Purchased Power and Fuel* (2)	(\$19,275)	(\$22,325)
Nuclear PTC Value for Plants Not Supported by State Programs (3)	N/A	(\$100)
Wind PTCs	(\$25)	(\$25)
Other Revenues (4)	(\$200)	(\$200)
Direct cost of sales incurred to generate revenues for certain Commercial and Power businesses	(\$250)	(\$225)
Total Gross Margin* (Non-GAAP)	\$8,450	\$8,950
Nuclear PTC Value for Plants Not Supported by State Programs (3)	N/A	\$100
Total Gross Margin* + Nuclear PTC (3)	\$8,450	\$9,050

Inputs (\$M) (1)	2023	2024
Adjusted O&M*	(\$4,875)	(\$4,850)
Wind PTCs	\$25	\$25
Other (5)	\$25	(\$25)
Taxes Other Than Income (TOTI) (6)	(\$425)	(\$450)
Effective Tax Rate	25%	25%
Cash Tax Rate (7)	1%	19%

Note: 328 million average outstanding diluted shares as of March 31, 2023, per Form 10-Q

- (1) Items may not sum due to rounding. All amounts rounded to the nearest \$25M
- (2) Excludes the mark-to-market impact of economic hedging activities due to the volatility and unpredictability of the future changes to power prices
- (3) Plants included in PTC value are Calvert Cliffs, LaSalle, Limerick and Peach Bottom
- (4) Other Revenues primarily reflects revenues from variable interest entities, funds collected through revenues for decommissioning the former PECO nuclear plants through regulated rates and gross receipts tax revenues
- (5) Other primarily reflects noncontrolling interest and Other Revenues (excluding gross receipts tax revenue)
- (6) Taxes Other Than Income (TOTI) includes gross receipts tax revenues
- (7) Cash tax rate excludes impact from PTC. Includes receivable from Exelon for tax credits. If receivable were to be excluded in calculation, cash tax rate would be 13% in 2023 and 26% in 2024.



Appendix

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (1)

S&P FFO Calculation (2)

GAAP Operating Income

- + Depreciation & Amortization
- = EBITDA
- Interest
- +/- Cash Taxes
- + Nuclear Fuel Amortization
- +/- Mark-to-Market Adjustments (Economic Hedges)
- +/- Other S&P Adjustments
- = FFO (a)

S&P Adjusted Debt Calculation (2)

Long-Term Debt

- + Short-Term Debt
- + Purchase Power Agreement and Operating Lease Imputed Debt
- + Pension/OPEB Imputed Debt (after-tax)
- + AR Securitization Imputed Debt
- Off-Credit Treatment of Non-Recourse Debt
- Cash on Balance Sheet
- +/- Other S&P Adjustments
- = Adjusted Debt (b)

Moody's CFO Pre-WC/Debt (3) =

CFO (Pre-WC) (c)

Adjusted Debt (d)

Moody's CFO Pre-WC Calculation (3)

Cash Flow From Operations

- +/- Working Capital Adjustment
- Nuclear Fuel Capital Expenditures
- +/- Other Moody's CFO Adjustments
- = CFO Pre-Working Capital (c)

Moody's Adjusted Debt Calculation (3)

Long-Term Debt

- + Short-Term Debt
- + Underfunded Pension (pre-tax)
- +Operating Lease Imputed Debt
- +/- Other Moody's Debt Adjustments
- = Adjusted Debt (d)



⁽¹⁾ Due to the forward-looking nature of some forecasted non-GAAP measures, information to reconcile the forecasted adjusted (non-GAAP) measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure may not be available; therefore, management is unable to reconcile these measures

⁽²⁾ Calculated using S&P Methodology

⁽³⁾ Calculated using Moody's Methodology

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (1)

Net Debt/EBITDA = Net Debt (a)
Adjusted EBITDA* (b)

Net Debt Calculation

Long-Term Debt (including current maturities)

- + Short-Term Debt
- Cash on Balance Sheet
- = Net Debt (a)

Adjusted EBITDA* Calculation

GAAP Net Income

- + Income Tax Expense
- + Interest Expense, Net
- + Depreciation & Amortization
- +/- Adjustments
- = Adjusted EBITDA* (b)

Net Debt/EBITDA Excluding Non-Recourse Net Debt (c)

Adjusted EBITDA* (d)

Net Debt Calculation Excluding Non-Recourse

Long-Term Debt (including current maturities)

- + Short-Term Debt
- Cash on Balance Sheet
- Non-Recourse Debt
- = Net Debt Excluding Non-Recourse (c)

Adjusted EBITDA* Calculation Excluding Non-Recourse

GAAP Net Income

- + Income Tax Expense
- + Interest Expense, Net
- + Depreciation & Amortization
- +/- Adjustments
- EBITDA from Projects Financed by Non-Recourse Debt
- = Adjusted EBITDA* Excluding Non-Recourse Debt (d)



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Three Months Ended March 31,

Adjusted EBITDA* Reconciliation (\$M)	2022	2023
GAAP Net Income (Loss)	\$106	\$96
Income Taxes	(\$53)	\$131
Depreciation and Amortization	\$280	\$267
Interest Expense, Net	\$56	\$107
Unrealized Loss on Fair Value Adjustments (1)	\$118	\$297
Plant Retirements & Divestitures	-	(\$27)
Decommissioning-Related Activities (2)	\$354	(\$240)
Pension & OPEB Non-Service Credits	(\$25)	(\$14)
Separation Costs (3)	\$37	\$30
ERP System Implementation Costs (4)	\$5	\$6
Change in Environmental Liabilities	-	\$17
Noncontrolling Interests (5)	(\$12)	(\$12)
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$866	\$658

Note: Items may not sum due to rounding

- (1) Includes mark-to-market on economic hedges and fair value adjustments related to gas imbalances and equity investments
- (2) Reflects all gains and losses associated with Nuclear Decommissioning Trusts (NDTs), Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) accretion, ARO remeasurement, and any earnings neutral impacts of contractual offset for Regulatory Agreement Units
- (3) Represents certain incremental costs related to the separation (system-related costs, third-party costs paid to advisors, consultants, lawyers, and other experts assisting in the separation), including a portion of the amounts billed to us pursuant to the Transition Services Agreement (TSA)
- (4) Reflects costs related to a multi-year Enterprise Resource Program (ERP) system implementation
- (5) Represents elimination of the noncontrolling interest related to certain adjustments



